Sudan wants Arab ministers meeting

KHARTOUM (R) - Sudan has called for an extraordinary meeting of the Arab League ministerial council to discuss what a Sudanese Foreign Ministry spokesman called opposition by League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi to convening an urgent Arab summit conference. The official Sudan News Agency (SUNA) quoted the spokesman as saying Sudan's request was in a memorandum delivered to Arab ambassadors in Khartoum Saturday. Sudanese President Jaafar Mohamad Numeiri, in an open letter published in several Arab newspapers, has accused Mr. Klibi of wrecking chances of convening an Arab heads of state meeting before their routine session in November. Mr. Numeiri called for the top-level gathering to discuss what he described as pressing Arab developments, the Palestinian tragedy, Israeli practices in occupied Arab territories and the deteriorating Lebanese sit-



U.S. to sell tanks to Lebanon

BEIRUT (R) - President Reagan has sent a message to Lebanese President Amin Gemayel informing him of a U.S. decision to sell 68 M-48 tanks to Lebanon, state-run Beirut Radio said Saturday. Mr. Reagan told Mr. Gemayel he had taken action on his requests to equip the Lebanese army, made during his recent visit to Washington. "We agreed immediately to sell you 68 M-48 tanks according to your request, and in order to make these tanks available to your army, we have had to draw them from units on active service in the national guard." Mr. Reagan said. The tanks. with ammunition, spare parts and related equipment, will be sold for about \$64 million. Last year the U.S. army provided Lebanon with 34 M-48 tanks. The United States has been implementing a crash programme to train the army, which has almost doubled in recent months to 33,000, and to sell it armoured personnel carriers, jeeps, weapons, uniforms and other equipment."

Hussein

meets new

Air Force

commanders

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty

King Hussein, the Supreme

Commander of the Armed Forces.

Saturday visited the Royal Jordanian Air Force headquarters

and met with senior army and air

force commanders. King Hussein

passed directives to the comnanders in the light of a reshuftle

The reshuffle effected the app-

ointment of Maj.-Gen. Moh-

ammad Za rour as assistant to the

army chief of staff, to be based at

the army headquarters, and

Brig. Ihsan Shardam as Air Force

in the higher command.

commander.

Volume 8 Number 2331:

AMMAN, SUNDAY AUGUST 7, 1983 — SHAWWAL 28, 1403

Palestine Central Council rejects Reagan plan

PCC appeals for end

to rebellion, sets up

By Lamis K. Andoni and Abdullah Al 'Utom

with Agency dispatches

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

King cables good wishes to UAE

AMMAN (Petra) --- His Majesty King Hussein Saturday sent a cable of good wishes to the United Arab Emirates (UAE) president, Sheikh Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan, on the anniversary of his assuming the presidency. In his cable, the King wished Sheikh Zayed success in the leadership of his country and further prosperity and progress for the UAE people.

IPU to discuss Hebron attack

ernational Parliamentary Union (IPU), in a meeting scheduled to be held in October in the South Korean capital of Seoul, will discuss last month's attack on the Hebron Islamic College by masked gunmen, believed to be Jewish settlers. Three Palestinian students were killed and more than 40 others were injured in the attack. The IPU decision to discuss the attack came in response to a cable sent to the union by Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Tarawneh, who will lead a Jordanian delegation to the conference.

Israeli soldier wounded in Lebanon

BEIRUT (R) --- An Israeli soldier was wounded Saturday in an ambush near Sarafand in southern Lebanon. an Israeli army spokesman outside Beirut said. Unidentified guamen opened fire with light arms on two Israeli soldiers standing on the side of the road, the spokesman said.

India to have new nuclear chief

NEW DELHI (R) - India announced Saturday the appointment of a 5x-year-old nuclear research physicist as new head of the country's Atomic Energy Commission. A government spo-kesman said Raja Ramanna. would replace Homi Nusserwanji Sethna who is retiring. Dr. Ramanna, at present head of the main Nuclear Research Institute at the Bhaba Atomic Research Centre at Bombay, has the task of overseeing India's future nuclear development plans which include building a series of nuclear reactors

Jayewardene names special envoy to India

COLOMBO (R) - Sri Lankan President Junius Jayewardene has named his brother Harry as special envoy to India next week for discussions on the recent ethnic violence on the island, official sources said Saturday.

Sri Lanka to lift curfews page 8

Venezuela, USSR renew oil deal

CARACAS (R) - Venezuela will renew a lapsed oil agreement with the Soviet Union this month which means it will send 20,000 barrels per day to Cuba, oil industry sources said Saturday. The Soviet Union will send 20,000 barrels a day of its oil to refineries at Gelsenkirchen. West Germany, jointly owned by Petroleos de Venezuela and the West German state-controlled company Veba.

INSIDE

- U.S. explains involvement in Chad, page
- Water, roads and energy to get priority in next budget, page 3
- Sri Lanka moves to heal communal rift, page 4 • Palestinian publisher.
- harassed in U.S., page 5. Ed Moses leads gala parade of stars in Hel-
- sinki, page 6 Soviet trade improves.
- page 7 . . Nicaragua awaits rebel attacks, page 8

team for Syrian talks

TUNIS — Palestinian leaders appealed Sat-AMMAN (J.T.) -- The Inturday for an end to internal strife among the guerrillas and set up a conciliation group with the task of restoring relations with The Central Council of the Pai- stand on the Reagan peace plan estine Liberation Organisation was seen as a concession towards (PLO), in a communique issued after three-day talks here. also

completely rejected President Reagan's Middle East peace plan, which it said would put Lebanon under U.S.-Israeli control. PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat

appeared to emerge relatively unscathed from the closed-doors talks, which followed months of in-fighting between his supporters and opponents within the Fateh guerrilla movement.

Palestinian sources said delegates did not dispute Mr. Arafat's authority or challenge the legitimacy of the present leadership. But he was criticised for some of his decisions and for an alleged lack of democratic reform within the organisation.

The meeting was the first held at such high level since Mr. Arafat was forced to leave Syria six weeks ago after accusing Damascus of. backing his critics.

McFarlane

DAMASCUS (R) - U.S. special

envoy Robert McFarlane arrived

in Damascus from Beirut Sat-

urday for talks with Syrian lea-

Mr. McFarlane later met Sytian

Foreign Minister Abdul Halim

Khaddem to discuss the current

political situation in the Middle

East and the situation in Lebanon.

the official Syrian News Agency

It said the envoy was accompanied by his aide Richard Fai-

rbanks, but gave no details of the

talks. Mr. McFarlane is expected

to meet President Hafez Al Assad

Mr. McFarlane. on a mission to

secure the withdrawal of Syrian,

Israeli and Palestinian forces from

Lebanon has urged all sides to

Mr. McFarlane met Lebanese

Prime Minister Shafiq Al Wazzan

Friday and declared himself verv

encouraged by the government's

determination to take risks in its

own efforts to get foreign forces

out of its territory.
"I don't minimise the job," said

Mr. McFarlane, who was named

last month to replace envoy Philip

Habib. "There has to be a wil-

lingness on the part of other cou-

ntries - Israel, Syria and the Pal-

estinian community - also to take

He did not explain what he

meant but he seemed to want the

various parties to retreat from

their fixed positions if his current

Middle East shuttle mission was to

ders, airport sources said.

SANA reported.

'take risks."

in Syria

the demands of Fateh dissidents for a tougher line against the United States, whose peace plan was said by the PLO earlier to have some "positive elements."

The council appealed for an end to feuding among guerrillas, asking all sides to stop making public statements and to adopt "positive attitudes opening the way for a reconciliation.

It proposed setting up a military commission to supervise a ceasefire between warting groups in Lebanon's Bekaa Valley. The communique also called for

reforms of PLO institutions on the basis of dialogue and democracy. Palestinian sources said this should help reconcile Fateh dissidents who have been demanding-

a more collective and democratic leadership. They claim Mr. Arafat has operated the PLO in too personalised a manner.

The new conciliation committee

Palestinian communities in different Arab states.

The 18-member committee will include nine members from the Palestinian community living in Jordan. They are: Ibrahim Bakr, Abdul Hamid Essayeh, Bahjat Abu Gharbiyeh, Suleiman Najab, Arabi Awad, Rashdi Shahin, Ismail Mohammad Ismail, Abdul Aziz Bakr. and Mrs. Issam Abdul Hadi. The rest of the members are chosen from Palestinians living in Syria. Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates.

Conference sources said the Jordanian delegation to the Palestine Central Council (PCC) meeting played an effective role in promoting and adopting various resolutions.

The newly-formed committee is entrusted with the task of helping six-member PLO committee mediation team formed earlier to help heal the rift within Fateh, and the Arafat-Syria conflict.

The conference also condemned U.S. military bases in the Middle East and said they were aimed at imposing U.S. control over the whole region.

It also called the Lebanese government to respect guarantees given to the PLO to protect Palestinian civilians living in the cou-

On relations with Damascus the

Israelis reportedly seize 'lost' Syrian tanks, crew

BEIRUT (R) — Israeli forces cap- camp for questioning. tured two Syrian tanks and their crews which had apparently lost their way in Lebanon's Bekaa Valley, newspapers reported Sat-

The French-language daily across a narrow no-man's land. L'Orient-le Jour said the incident happened early Friday in the Kfar

Quoting its correspondent in the area, the paper said the Syrians had obviously taken a wrong. turning and ended up behind Isr-

They were surrounded by Israeli troops who forced them, wit- ian tanks had been captured by the hout a clash, to a nearby Israeli Israelis.

The independent daily An Nahar gave the same details, quoting Lebanese police sources in the Bekaa Valley, where Israeli and Syrian troops face each other

An Israeli military spokesman said he had no information on the

In Damascus, a Syrian army spokesman quoted by the official Syrian News Agency SANA described as "untrue and completely baseless" the reports that two Syr-

Sharon said to have met Pierre Gemayel in Beirut

BEIRUT (R) - Israeli minister been at the initiative of Mr. Shawithout portfolio Ariel Sharon met Pierre Gemayel, head of Lebanon's rightist Falangist Party and father of President Amin Gemayel, in Beirut two days ago, Lebanese newspapers reported Sat-

News of the meeting, confirmed by Pierre Gemayel in press interviews, set off controversy Beirut. among Lebanese opposition groups over why Mr. Sharon, who masterminded last year's Israeli invasion of Lebanon, was permitted to enter Beirut where the Lebanese army is in control and there are no Israeli forces.

Mr. Gemayel gave few details of the meeting which he said had

ron, a former defence minister. but said it had not been the first. Neither Mr. Gemayel nor the newspapers revealed how Mr. Sharon reached Beirut but there are Israeli positions close to the capital and the Israeli minister would have no trouble slipping into Falangist-dominated east

Lebanon's leftist daily As-Safir said Pierre Gemayel should be meeting Lebanese opposition leaders and not leaders of the Israeli occupation forces. A leftist Muslim leader, Ibr-

ahim Koleilat, demanded an explanation as to how and why Mr. Sharon was allowed into Beirut. . in to restore order.

A grenade was also thrown at a Lebanese army checkpoint outvincing Tehran to come to the side the French embassy. Security gotiating table. sources said the blast injured one Iran's news agency IRNA, taken in the north. passer-by. The wave of terrorism which included a big explosion Friday at a mosque filled with worshippers in the northern city of Tripoli, left ABU DHABI (R) - Spain has, not had official contacts with Isr-Referring to press reports Israel security forces noticeably ner-

vous. A soldier near Prime Minister Shafiq Al Wazzan's office in west Beirut fired at a car which failed to stop at an army checkpoint. eyewitnesses said. A bullet pierced

Death toll

goes up in

Lebanese

BEIRUT (R) - Fresh bombings

toll from violence throughout

Lebanon in the past 24 hours to at

least 24 dead and 48 wounded.

were known for the latest inc-

idents which included a car bomb

violence

security sources said.

was wounded.

the car's boot and shattered the back window, but did not hurt the three occupants. Police also postponed a longawaited reopening of Beirut's race track citing security reasons. The first races since Israeli bombs des-

troyed the track last summer were due to have been held Sunday. At least 19 died and 40 were wounded in Friday's powerful blast in Tripoli, which cut down worshippers and children in the

street outside, security sources State-run Beirut Radio said a military prosecutor and a military expert went to Tripoli Saturday to

investigate the explosion. In 'Ain Al Rummaneh, a rig-htist district of Beirut, civil defence teams continued to removedebris from a four-storey building

destroyed Friday night. A 17-year-old girl died imm-ediately from the bomb and Saturday an old woman died of her wounds, radio reports said. At least four others were wounded.

Right-wing Falangist gunmen. banned from carrying arms on the streets of Beirut since the army took control last year, swarmed over the 'Ain Al Rummaneh area Friday night.

No casualties were reported in the incident and the Lebanese army and police eventually moved



which killed 19 people and wounded more than 40

Gulf front blazes after Iraqi thrust BAHRAIN (R) — Fierce fighting however, claimed Iranian troops But both sides said Friday Iran was reported in the central sector had beaten of an Iraqi attack near

of the Gulf war front Saturday after Iraq said its troops had thrust across the border and encircled several Iranian towns. An Iraqi military communique said Iraqi troops had crossed the

and shootings Saturday raised the encircled several Iranian towns including Mehran. Information Minister Latif Nassif Al Jassem told reporters Iranian troops in the area were enc-Neither assailants nor motives

ircled and were expected to surrender at any time. The communique, quoted by the Iraqi News Agency (INA).

explosion in the village of Arbaniyeh 20 kilometres east of Beisaid the attack was not aimed at rut in which three died and one prolonged occupation of Iranian territory but at demonstrating Irag's military strength and con-

Mehran Saturday morning. Iran launched a major offensive in the area a week ago, and cla-

imed it had driven the Iraqis out of 50 square kilometres of captured Iranian territory as well as seizing border in the central sector and 50 square kilometres of land on the other side of the border. The Iraqi attack followed a

fresh offensive by Iran in the mountainous north on Thursday night in which it took a strategic peak near the Iraqi garrison town of Hai Omran.

The battles marked a further intensification of the latest flareup in the fighting which began when Iranian troops poured across the border into northern Iraq two weeks ago.

Iraq later said it had driven the Iranians out of all the territor

had retaken the 2,500 metre Mount Kardemend, guarding a valley Tehran claims has been an Iraqi supply route for Kurdish, rebels in Iran.

Iraq, which has called for a fresh debate on the conflict in the U.N. General Assembly, has repeatedly called for an end to the fighting. which began in September 1980.

But Iran insists it will continue fighting until Baghdad agrees to withdraw its troops to pre-war borders, pay billions of dollars in reparations and accept "punishment as the aggressor" in the

The fighting has caused concern in Turkey, which shares borders with both Gulf war foes. Foreign Minister Ilter Turkmen Friday

(Continued on page 3)

Spain denies discussing ties with Israel

ael on the possibility of establishing diplomatic relations, the Spanish embassy here said Sat-

Madrid's policy on the issue was such as this.' a matter for the Spanish govemment to decide 'in the light of its national interest and the possible contribution of such a step to a just and peaceful settlement ofthe Middle East problem. it said in a statement.

ablaze off

CAPE TOWN (R) — A major oil

pollution threat to South Africa's

Atlantic coast from a crippled and

blazing Spanish supertanker eased

slightly Saturday when winds cha-

nged and began moving a huge

oil-slick slowly away from the

The fully-laden supertanker, the 138,822-ton Castillo de Bel-

lver, broke in two after being eng-

ulfed in flames early Saturday

morning, forming a slick 20 miles

long and three miles wide, 70

An air and sea search continued

for three missing members of the

crew, said to number 36. Thirty-

one, including two women, were

picked up from a lifeboat, one was

lifted out of the sea and another

was plucked from the deck of the

Anton Moldan, head of South

Africa's marine pollution services,

told Reuters a 25-knot nor-

thwesterly wind which blew the

oil-slick towards the shore had.

died out and been replaced by a

force two southwesterly taking it

"But there is nothing to say it

won't change back again and two

anti-pollution vessels are in the

area and another three on the

Huge clouds of black smoke

poured from the two halves of the

supertanker and were surrounded

by blazing oil on the surface of the

Port officials said the tanker's

stern had sunk but a maritime

spokesman in Cape Town said

later this could not yet be con-

firmed although it had dis-

appeared from radar screens.

(Photo on page 8)

away from the coast.

way," he said.

burning vessel by helicopter.

miles northwest of Cape Town.

shore.

was pressing Spain to establish relations, the statement said; "In no case whatsoever could the Spaof any kind regarding a matter

Spanish Senate President Jose Frederico de Carvajal met Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin in Israel in June and later said he thought there were "good possibilities of establishing diplomatic ialist leaders when the Jewish state relations between the two cou- was created in 1948.

But Spain's Charge d'Affaires here Jose Turpin told Reuters Saturday: "The idea of estnish government accept pressure ablishing diplomatic relations with Israel is ruled out for the present."

> The two countries never established relations because of ideological differences between the late Spanish head of state general Francisco Franco and Israel's soc-

Supertanker Suspects held in Sicilian mafia car-bomb murder

PALERMO. Sicily (R) - Police South Africa said Saturday they arrested four people Friday night in connection with the car bomb murder a week ago of one of Sicily's top antimafia prosecutors. Judicial sources added that a

leading Sicilian businessman had been given a formal warning that he is under investigation for alleged involvement in a criminal association.

The arrests were directly linked to the July 29 murder of Magistrate Rocco Chinicci. 58, police said. They did not identify those held and said they had not been formally charged.

The warning to Ignazio Salvo. 52. a wealthy and influential Sicilian with interests in agriculture. tourism and building, was not directly related to the killing, the sources said.

Local officials said the warning to such an influential man was unusual and looked like a new attempt by the authorities to break the mafia's stranglehold on Sicilian society.

Much of the millions of dollars made by the mafia from international heroin trafficking has been reinvested in Sicilian construction and tourism.

Avignon massacre suspect found murdered in field

by police after the massacre of seven people at an hotel in Avignon in southern France on Friday was found murdered Saturday. Police said the naked and

bullet-riddled body of 49year-old Jack Gouttenoire was stretched in a field near Arles 30 kilometres from Avignon.

Gouttenoire was one of three gunmen suspected of having taken part in France's worst mass murder which has prompted fierce political attacks on Justice Minister Robert Badinter.

Right-wing critics accused Mr. Badinter of showing softness towards dangerous criminals because of his prison reforms and creating an atmosphere in which violent crime flourished.

The attacks were fuelled by the disclosure that a blood-stained suspect captured outside the luxury Sofitel hotel after the murder

PARIS (R) - A gangster sought was wanted for breaking parole. The man. 38-year-old Jean Roussel, was charged Saturday with murder. Police said he also identified the body of Gouttenoire, a notorious gangster in Avignon which has the highest crime rate in France outside Paris.

> Police, who believe at least three men took part in the massacre, told journalists that Gouttenoire had probably been killed by other members of the und-. erworld.

Roussel's brothers Vincent and Denis and four other people being questioned in connection with the hotel killings, which occurred during a safe raid, were released by police Saturday.

Senior police officers reported that Jean Roussel was refusing to

answer questions but had told them: "I was there during the shooting but I did not kill."

Israeli resettlement plan adds to Palestinian fears

multimillion pound plan for the resettlement of thousands of Palestinian Arab refugees now housed in U.N. administered camps on the occupied West Bank.

After a year's work, a ministerial committee has recommended to the cabinet an ambitious new house building and clearance programme. But the government, already grappling with a budget crisis while investing heavily in new Jewish settlements on the West Bank, will declare that it has no money to spare for the ref-

ugee project. The aim is to ask the U.S. to pay ldren born during the 35 years ister without portfolio, who chathe lion's share, with other cou-

Israel is about to ask the int- ntries, such as Britain and West 88,000 of the refugees now live in ernational community to fund a Germany, also being asked to contribute. West Bank Arabs, however, are suspicious. They think community-but all are still entthat the plan will be launched as a public relations exercise and that if it ever gets off the ground it may develop into a drive to eliminate the camps, seen as hotbeds of Pal-

estinian steadfastness. The United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) has 342,000 refugees registered on the West Bank, almost half the West Bank population. These are Arabs who fled from cities like Haifa and Jaffa during the 1948 war, plus the generations of chi-

the 19 West Bank camps-the others have dispersed into the itled to the free health and education provided on the U.N.

The camps have long since become villages of breeze-block and concrete dwellings to which the inhabitants are gradually extending modern services. In Kalandia camp, a few miles north of Jerusalem, the 4,225 population is made up of 637 families. Of these 581 have a private water supply. 569 have their own toilets and 522 have electricity.

Mr. Mordecai Ben-Porat, minsince their exodus. Only about ired the refugee investigation, cla-

ims his resettlement plan is entirely humanitarian: "It does not deal with questions of political autonomy at all.

"We have simply got to improve conditions for the refugees. For 35 years, they have been kept in camps as a political weapon, but in 1975 we started a resettlement scheme in Gaza. People have been leaving the camps there, although the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) opposed it, and the West Bank scheme will be sim-

Mr. Ben-Porat, an associate of the late Moshe Dayan, constitutes his own one-man party and is

(Continued on page 3)

MIDDLE EAST

U.S. explains why it is involved in Chad

WASHINGTON (R) - The Reagan administration, seriously concerned about fighting in Chad between government forces and rebels said to be backed by Libya, has said the United States has strong strategic interests in assuring stability in North Africa.

The White House vowed in a sharply worded statement issued Friday that the United States would help friendly countries thrcatened by what it called Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi's attempts to destabilise the area.

White House spokesman Larry Speakes said the fighting between President Hissene Habre's forces and insurgents led by former President Goukouni Oueddei was intensitying. Other U.S. officials said they believed the rebels had captured the town of Oum Cha-

"If Libva or Libvan-supported forces were to gain control of Chad, close U.S. allies such as Egypt and Sudan would be seriously concerned about their own security." Mr. Speakes said.

The United States had "a strong strategic interest" in assuring that Col. Qudhafi was not able to upset governments or to intervene in other countries as he had in Chad. he added.

"It is important to the United States that its allies and friends be able to count upon its assistance to defend themselves against Libyan

RABAT (R) - Libyan leader

Col. Muammar Qadhafi received

a group of personalities from the

Moroccan-controlled area of the

Western Sahara this week, acc-

ording to the Moroccan news age-

Moroccan officials said it was a

significant event since Col. Qad-

hafi has hitherto strongly sup-

ported the Polisario guerrillas in

the Western Sahara and con-

demned actions taken by Morocco

BEIRUT (R) - The Lebanese

army must move into the troubled

Shout mountains within the next

15 days to start filling the security

vacuum which will be left by dep-

arting Israeli torces. Lebanese off-

20 was the latest date by which the

Lebanese army should enter the

mountains if they are to maintain

peace between Christian and

Without specifically stating the

Israelis would begin their planned

pull-out by that date, they said the

winter and had given the Beirut

ount, for us to work with a safe

"Taking these dates into acc-

government tentative dates.

The officials told reporters Aug.

icials said Friday.

Druze militias.

ney MAP.

And the arrival of a first batch of anti-aircraft weapons from France and the United States. Pre-

government troops, military sou-They said French anti-aircraft guns and U.S. heat-seeking missiles had been delivered in the past

sident Habre's main backers.

could give a significant boost to

Western diplomatic sources said Libyan aircraft had partly destroyed the oasis town of Faya-Largeau, killing many of its

inhabitants. The strong White House statement came as the Reagan administration planned to more than double its aid to Chad. The State Department has earmarked an extra \$15 million for Chad on top of a previously pledged \$10 mil-

already been spent. No details were given on how the funds would be spent. "The situation is very fluid and no one has ever been very successful at forecasting the actions of Col. Mitterrand constantly Qadhafi." the State Department communique added.

Qadhafi meets Moroccan delegation

cuated by Spain in 1976.

from Libya.

there since the region was eva- aran leaders involved in this

The Polisario front has been

fighting for the Western Sahara's

independence from Morocco with

financial and military assistance

The Saharans who met Col.

Qadhafi in the southern Libyan

town of Sebha had accompanied a

high-ranking Moroccan gov-ernment delegation which ret-

Reliable sources said the Sah-

next 15 days in areas to be vacated

by the Israelis." one official said.

the army would face great dan-

ger." he said, without elaborating.

announced it will pull its army out

of the Shouf mountains to cut cas-

ualties from guerrilla attacks and

remove Israeli soldiers from the

firing line of the Druze-Christian

ops now in the mountains will reg-

The Israelis have said their tro-

The Israeli government has

"After the 20th of this month."

urned to Rabat Friday night.

lion, three-quarters of which has

erament officials say their forces trying to drive rebels out of northern Chad are still being pinned down by intensive Libyan air

Up to the arrival of a first batch of anti-aircraft weapons in the past two days, they have been defenceless against what the government says are air attacks by Libyan fighter-bombers.

The rebel radio said Friday that Mr. Oueddei had ordered his artillery to stop shelling Faya-Largeau to give the government garrison a chance to surrender.

Diplomatic analysts in N'djanena said Friday night that Mr. Ouedder's call to his troops to stop shelling Faya-Largeau was probably linked to the current U.S. show of force in the Med-

France keeps vigil

PARIS (R) - France is keeping an increasingly close watch on the civil war in Chad where Libyan aircraft are reported to have bombed government forces fighting rebels, the defence ministry said

Defence Minister Charles Hernu stayed overnight at the ministry to monitor developments and is keeping President Francois Mitterrand constantly informed, a

week's meeting favour the int-egration of the disputed area with

They told the colonel that they

had campaigned in the territory

for its reunification with Morocco

long before the Polisario appeared

The group also stressed there

could be no normalisation of

Libyan-Moroccan relations as

long as Tripoli contined to support

and Druze militias before entering

the Shouf and was making int-

But they confirmed for the first

time that the army, which at pre-.

sent controls only Beirut and even

there has faced opposition, would

have into the mountains even if no

No other choice

to go in." one official said.

"We have no option. We have

But the officials said there

If the Israelis pull out totally.

would be military coordination

with the departing Israeli army.

we expect it to be in phases. No

one can withdraw overnight. In

this case, we will coordinate with

the guerrillas.

ensive contacts.

agreement is reached.

margin, we should be able to dep- Betrut government was trying to

loy the Lebanese army within the reach agreement with Christian

Iran-Iraq battlefronts ANKARA (R) — Foreign Minister Iller Turkmen has flown to turmoil caused by fierce fighting

Turkmen visits sensitive

NEITHER IN ANGER, NOR IN JOY:

The crews of French AML light tanks, part of the

multinational peace-keeping forces in Lebanon.

here over possible spill-over eff- Turkey. ects on Turkey from fighting on the north and central Gulf war-

Officials Saturday described Mr. Turkmen's trip as a private visit to get to know the highly sen-

They denied speculation in Ankara that he might have a border meeting with Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Vellayati during the visit.

Mr. Turkmen flew to the southeastern city of Diyarbakir Friday and local reporters said he left in a military helicopter to see key spots in the mountainous border

His trip underlined anxiety in

"But if their next phase is not

laid down as part of a total wit-

hdrawal, we cannot have anything

"However, military con-

Asked when the Israelis wanted

to start their pull-out from the

mountains, the official replied:

to sort out our problems. For eight

months we've been trying to get

them to withdraw. Now we're say-

ing 'please don't go.' It's emb-

The officials said Lebanon's

army chief. Gen. Ibrahim Tan-

nous, took part in Friday's talks in

Beirut with U.S. Middle East

and will continue." he added.

them." an official said.

to do with it.

arrassing."

Turkey's frontier region bor- between Iran and Iraq in Kurdish dering Iran and Iraq amid concern areas to launch attacks against

> There is also concern at threats by Iran against an oil pipeline running from Central Iraq to the Turkish Mediterranean coast, which is Iraq's only oil outlet and which carries vital crude imports to Tur-

Turkey buys Rapiers

LONDON (R) — Turkey has ordered £146 million (\$220 million) worth of Rapier low-level anti-aircraft missiles from Britain. press reports said Saturday.

This would make Turkey the first member of the NATO alliance outside Britain to adopt

Lebanese army faced with grim prospect of moving into Shouf

envoy Robert McFarlane. It see-

med likely the deployment of the

Lebanese army in the mountains

Citing two ways the pullout agr-

one official said: "One is if Israel

says it will forget about the side-

letter to the U.S. tin which Israel

makes the accord dependent on a

Syrian and Palestinian pull-out)...

"It's a Catch-22 situation. The

Syrians are saying 'We will not

withdraw unless the Israelis wit-

hdraw.' But at the same time they

are saying 'We will not withdraw

unless the instrument for Israeli

withdrawal (the May 17 accord) is

cancelled." he said.

would have been discussed.

rdination with the Israelis exists eement could be implemented.

"They want to pull out yesterday the other is by finding a way to

(Thursday). They re waiting for us make the Syrians willing to wit-

hdraw."

hunger strike to protest against alleged maltreatment have called off their month-old fast, informed sources said Friday.

fire their guns at barrels floating off the coastline South of Beirut Friday as part of joint U.S.-French

Turkish

prisoners

call off

protest

exercises. (A.P. wirephoto)

The prisoners in Metris military prison gave up the protest this week after several of them became critically ill and the ruling military authorities refused to meet their demands, the sources said.

ANKARA (R) - Hundreds of

prisoners in an Istanbul jail on

It was not clear if hunger strikes were continuing in three other- I stanbul jails -- Sagmakilar. Sultanahmet and Kavakos -- where hundreds more also began a fast last month.

About 2.500 prisoners in the four jails, mainly political detainees, began to refuse food from the first week of July to protest against beatings.

They also demanded improved living conditions and political status, including the right not to wear rison uniforms family

resentatives said. Legal sources said several hundred protesters dropped out in the early stages, leaving up to 2,000 still fasting before the Metris pri-

soners gave up. The informed sources said they had no confirmation of reports that up to two hunger strikers had died. But they said more than a dozen prisoners were in critical

condition. In Geneva Friday the International Commission of Jurists (ICJ) said it has expressed concern to the Turkish government about

the hunger strikes. It said it had urged Ankara to allow delegates from the Int-ernational Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) to visit Turksih prisons "to avert situations of this

Numeiri blasts radicals

urday accused Syria and Libya of conspiring against Palestinian guerrillas in Lebanon, the official Sudan News Agency (SUNA) reported.

sident Hafez Al Assad and Col. situation in the Middle East, also Muammar Qadhafi of Libya and called on the two radical Arab staquoted by SUNA. Mr. Numeiri tes to abandon their support for said: "The Palestinians are being Iran in its war against Iraq.

KHARTOUM (R) - Sudanese slaughtered in Al-Khalil (Heb-President Jaafer Numeiri Sat- ron) while they are being subiected to your ambitions and conspiracies in the Bekaa Valley".

Mr. Numeiri, who called earlier this week for an early Arab sum-In messages sent to Syrian Pre- mit meeting to discuss the present

Jordan noncommittal on myriad peace moves

By Dina Matar

AMMAN — Jordan, potentially a key player in any Palestinian settlement, has adopted a waitand-see attitude on U.S.sponsored peace moves and has vet to write off the stalled Reagan peace initiative.

Diplomatic sources said a lull on the political scene here could last until an Arab summit conference. which will probably be held in

Saudi Arabia in November. There is little talk in Amman now of the role assigned to Jordan in President Reagan's 11month-old Middle East peace plan, which envisaged the Kingdom entering U.S.-sponsored talks with Israel with Palestinians. but not PLO, participation.

The process has been stalled since April by the crisis in Lebanon and by the reluctance of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to talk on the basis of Mr. Reagan's idea of a Palestinian entity" linked with Jordan rather than an independent Palestinian

But Jordanian officials say the peace process could yet be brought out of what one official privately called "the present coma".

Diplomats, however, said any revival would hing on Syria's attitude and on related devdispute over Yasser Arafat's leadetship of the PLO.

Jordan's public position is that withdrawal of Syrian, Israeli and, retrieve the Golan, but might also Palestinian forces from Lebanon remains a prerequisite for it reo-U.S. plan,

NEWS ANALYSIS

But a prime concern now is whether the deepening rift within Mr. Arafat's Fateh commando movement, the core of the PLO. might even give more diplomatic clout to Syria. bringing the PLO effectively under Syrian control. the sources said.

Apparently concerned over the from Lebanon and renewed fighting there among rival Palestinian forces. King Hussein visited Saudi Arabia last week.

After two days of talks with King Fahd, the two leaders called for Arab unity, the withdrawal of

NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Abdul Qader Al Lala 56046 Dr. Ahmad Al Daqen 76717

AMMAN:

leadership.

The diplomatic sources said Jordan particularly wants to find out Syria's position towards an overall Middle East settlement.

So far. Damascus has been adamant in rejecting the Reagan plan and this year's U.S. sponsored Lebanese-Israeli troop withdrawal agreement. It also led Arab opposition to Egypt's separate peace treaty with Israel.

The Syrians have made clear all along they do not care for the U.S. peace process initiated at Camp David.

They apparently see the United States as seeking to detach each Arab state piecemeal into agreements with the Israelis -- first Egypt, then Jordan and now Lebanon -- on adverse terms with Soviet-backed Syria and its Israeli-held Golan Heights left until the end.

The Reagan plan made no mention of the Golan, occupied by Israel in 1967 and annexed in 1981. According to the Jordanians. however, the ingredients of the overall Middle East settlement that the Syrians would apparently prefer are present in the Reagan plan and the U.S. proposals for Lebanon, if only the package could be expanded to accommodate Syrian requirements. What these might prove to be.

though, is something that appelopments in Lebanon and in the arently puzzles the Jordanians as much as anyone else. The diplomatic sources said Syria was presumably anxious to want to secure concessions in

Lebanon, possibly some sort of pening any talks on the basis of the presence or security zone in the northern Bekaa Valley-They said they were not sur-prised by published speculation that Syria might even trade off

outright return of the Golan for gains in Lebanon.

The sources, however, also said that while Syrian President Hafez Al-Assad was adept at building up a strong hand in Middle East diplomacy, it was simply not clear how or how skilfully he would play

Another decisive issue that deadlocked on troop withdrawals could determine whether Jordan reopens possible peace talks on the Middle East issue is the split within the PLO and the threat it poses to Mr. Arafat's leadership.

Although Jordanian officials seem confident that Mr. Arafat is ready to resume a dialogue with Israeli troops from Lebanon and Jordan, they fear that the crisis within the PLO might rob him of freedom of movement.

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roup along a new defence line in Israelis wanted to complete their southern Lebanon but they have "redeployment" to defence lines. farther South before the onset of announced no date. The Israelis

JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL Famous People Mighty Mouse Programme on Animals 18:10 .. Programme Review Local Programme News in ArabicLocal ProgrammeArabic Series

FOREIGN CHANNEL 18:00 French Programme News in Hebrew 20:30 One in a Milhor News in English Best Seller

RADIO JORDAN
855 KHs. AM & 99 MHs. FM
A partly on 4560 KHz, SW
. 07:00
197:30 News Bulletin
10:80 Yews Summars
10:05
12:00 News Summary
12:05 Pop Session
13:00 News Summary
13:03
14:00 News Bulletin
14:16 Instrumentals
14:36 Science Report
15:90 Concert Hour
16:89 News Summary
16:03 Instrumentals, Old Favourites
17:00 Listeners' Choice
18:00 News Summary
18:05 Jazz Hour
19:00 Newsdesk 19:30 Date with a Star
20:00 Evening Show
21:00 News Summary
21:55 News Summary
22:00 Frening Show
23:00 News Summary
23:03 Evening Show
24:00 News Headlines

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Divertimento

BBC WORLD SERVICE

034, 720, 1413 KHz

are to remain in their present Bekaa Valley positions opposite Syrian troops. The Lebanese officials said the TV & RADIO 06:45 Financial Review 06:55 Ref-lections 97:99 World News 97:09 British Sections 97:69 World News 97:30 British Press Review 97:15 Letterbox 97:30 Words and Music 97:45 Letter from America 98:00 Newsdesk 98:30 Counterpart 99:00 World News 99:60 News about Britain 99:15 From Our Own Correspondent 99:30 Sarah and Company 10:00 World News 10:60 Reflections 10:45 The Pleasure's Yours 11:00 World News 11:05 Prints Press Review 11:15 Science in Action 11:45 Sports Review 12:15 Classical Record Review 12:30 Religious Service 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Letter from America 13:30 Baker's Half Dozen 14:00 Play of the Week 15:00 World News 15:00 Commentary 15:15 Good Books 15:30 Short Story 15:45 The Tony Myait Request

Story 15:45 The Tony Myatt Reques Show 16:30 Why Men Go to War 17:00 Show 16:30 Why Men Go to War 17:90 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Concert Hall 18:90 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 From Our Own Correspondent 18:35 Financial Review 18:45 Letter from America 19:00 World News 19:09 Mendian 19:40 Reflections 19:45 Sports Roundup 20:09 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Roads Newsreel 20:20 Brain of Britain 19:33 21:00 World News 22:09 Commentary 22:15 World News 22:09 Commentary 22:15 Letterbox 22:30 Sunday Half-Hour 23:00 The Towers of Trebizond 23:15 25:30 The Flowers of Fredding 25:15 The Pleasure's Yours 24:00 World News 00:09 Science in Action 90:40 Ref-lections 90:45 Sports Roundup 91:90 World News 81:09 Commentary 01:15

VOICE OF AMERICA

Letter from America 91:30 Songs of an English Summer

05:00 The Breakfast Show: News, Informal Presentation of Pupular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Answers to Listener's Questions, Science Digest. News Summary of 30 minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 New Horizons and New Products 17:30 Spe-cial English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 International Viewpoints 18:30 Music USA Standards 19:00 News 19:10 Critic's Choice 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News 20:10 Sunday Report 28:30 Issues in the News 21:00 News 21:10 International Viewpoints 21:30 Music USA Standards 22:00 News and Editorial 22:15 Concert Hall 23:00 News 23:10 New Horizons

and New Products 23:30 Studio One

WHAT'S GOING ON

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre To	el 661/12
American Centre	113
American Centre Library	
British Council	
French Cultural Centre	
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	442
Spanish Cultural Centre	240
Turkish Cultural Centre	397
Haya Arts Centre	
Hussein Youth City	6671
Y.W.C.A	417
Y.W.M.A	6642
Amman Municipal Library	361
University of Jordan Librar	

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9,00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round, Tel. 51760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays (0.08) a.m. 4.(N) p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

dan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countrieand a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh, Opening hours: 10,00 s.m. 1,30 p.m. and 3,30 p.m. - 6,00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 30128.

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City. Adman. Opening hours 9 a.m. 4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes. weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel. I.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel. 1.311 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetinis every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, fi.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman.

CHURCHES

Eighth Circle, Tel. 815261.

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Annusciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luwerbdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic Jabal Hussein, 661757.
Church of the Annanciation (Greek Orthodox) Abduli, 23541.

Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman. 41559. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich.

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafich, 75261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751.

Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani. 663249.

PRAYER TIMES

AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airport, tel. (08) 53250, 53070, 53082, 53171, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS

09:15	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
09:30	Jeddah (R)
09:40	Dhahran (R)
09:45	Kuwait (R1)
1 0: I5	Beirut (RJ)
10:35	Muscat, Dubai, Doha (GF)
10:35	Dhahran, Riyadh (SV)
13:25	
	Kowaii (KU)
	Jeddah (SV)
	Baghdad (LA)
	Cairo (R1)
15:30	Paris (RJ)
16-60	Larnaka (RI)
16-15	Athens (RJ)
17-61	
17.00	
17:45	Vienna, New York (RJ)
17:15	VEINA NEW TORK (RJ)
17:33	London, Paris (RJ)
18:40	
19:30	Rome (RJ)
19:50	London (BA)
19:55	
20: 15	Beirut (MEA)
20:20	Athens (OA)
22:55	Zurich, Athens, Damaseus (SR)
22:55	Cairo (MS)
00:25	
00:30	rommoneuromanna Caim (R1)
66:45	Baghdad (RJ)
	Debree (10)

DEPARTURES

U/:10U	Agaba (R)
09:00	Rome (AZ
99:05	Beirut (ME
09:15	Larnaca, Tripoli (LN
10:30	Rome (RJ
11:00	Amsterdam, New York (RJ
	Athens (RJ
11:30	Cairo (RJ
11:45	Riyadh, Dhahran (SV
11:50	Copenhagen (SK
12:15	Lamaka (RJ
14:30	Cairo (RJ
14:30	Kuwait (KU
15:00	
16:30	Baghdad (IA
	\ \

16:59 18:45 19:00 19:15 Kuwait (RJ ... Dhahran (RJ) Jeddah (RJ) Bahrain, Doha (RI)
..... Abu Dhabi (RI)
...... Baghdad (RI)
Baghdad, London (BA) 20:15 20:50 Bangkok (RJ) Cairo (MS) Tripoli, Lamaca (LI) Cairo (RJ

01:25

kind".

FOR THE TRAVELLER

MONEY EXCHANGE

Local sell/buy rates in fils

Belgian franc 68.6/	6	
Dutch guilder 122,9/	123.	
Egyptian guinea 324.5/		
French franc 45.8/		
Iraqi dinar 450/		
Italian lire (for 100) 23.2/	23.	
Japanese yen (for 100) 151,3/	152.	
Kuwaiti dinar	125.	
Lebrara lim 70.4		
Lebanese iira79.1/	80.	
Omani riyal 1061,7/		
Qatari riyal 100.1/	100.	
Saudi riyal 106.5/	16	
Swedish crown 46.9/		
Swiss franc 169.7/	170.	
Syrian lira 63,4/	6	
UAE dirham 100/	10	
U.K. sterling pound 547.8/	551.	
U.S. dollar	37	
W. German mark 137.4/	138.	
137.4	130	
	•	
SATE A TEXTOR		

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

It will be normal summary, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and

seas calm.	
Low/high temperature is Amman Aqaba Deserts Jordan Valley	21/32 26/41 20/3/
•	

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 32, Aqaba 40, Humidiry rea-dings: Amman 37 per cent, Aqaba 24

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS

EMERGENCIES

39652 21270 Al Quds pharmac Firstaid, fire, police ...

Fire headquarters 22090-3 Police rescue 192, 21111, 37777 Police beadquarters 39141 56306.1 Kassem taxi . Traffic police Kamak taxi Municipal water service 71125-8 Queen Alia Int. Airport ... (08) 53333

HOSPITALS Dr. Mohammad Al Share' 73680 Sa down phermacy ZARQA: Dr. Khalil Abu Hussch Malhas, J. Amman 36140 Palestine, Shmeisani 664171-4 Shmeisani Hospital 669131 University Hospital 845845

Nahda taxi

IRBID

GENERAL

Radio Jordan
Ministry of Tourism 42311
Hotel complaints
Price completes
Price complaints
. i elephanne:
Information
Jordan and Middle East calls 10
UVCTSCRS CARE
Cable or telegram
Repair service
The same of the sa

MARKET PRICES

Upperllower price in fils per kg.	Granes and and
Apple (American) 500 / 450	Grapes
Apple (Smith)	Lemon 180 / 150
Apple (Smith) 500 / 450	Lemon (yellow)
Apple (local)	MBITOW (large) 120 / 100
API 92015	Marrow (small)
Qanana ,	Mallow 70 / 50
Dauxua (Mukammar) ?30 / 200	Melon
Beans 240 / 200	Malan (aun)
Cabbage	Melon (super)
Carrot	Onlon (dry) 150 / 100
Canlifference / - Live	OKTE 260 / 220
Cauliflower (white) 280 / 200	Oranges 250 / 200
Cherries	Peaches 360 / 300*
COM 150 / 170	rears
Cucumber (large)	Pepper (Sweet)
Cucumoer (small) 270 / 220	Perper (Hot Green) 200 / 150
EXEPTING (BETRE)	Pepper (Hot Green) 200 / 150
Eggptant (small)	Plums (red)250 / 200
Figs	Potatoes
Fakkous 120/ 150	National
120/ 50	Tomatoes 120 / 80

ernment's priorities for the 1984 budget (Petra

new ground satellite stations.

She listed the countries which

will take part in the programme as

being: Australia. Austria. Arg-entina. China. Cyprus. West Germany. Hong Kong. Italy. Romania. Yugoslavia. Indonesia.

South Korea, Kuwait. Pakistan.

Portugal, Qatar. Singapore.

Spain, the UAE, the USA, the

USSR and Brazil in addition to

Ms. Gress said.

JTV to mark King's

accession with

By Abdullah Nsour

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Jordan Television

(JTV) will be receiving and tel-

evising programmes beamed from

23 nations on Aug. 10 to mark

World Communications Year.

according to Ms. Lina Gress, dir-

ector of the Jordan Television Int-

ernational Relations Department.

countries participating will relay their good wishes to His Majesty

King Hussein on the 32nd ann-

iversary of his accession to the

Jordan will also beam a short

programme which will present

armed forces brass bands with two

female youths wearing the Jor-danian flag at a special display.

The idea of taking part in such a

rogramme first came to mind in

1979 when I helped put together a

programme on children to mark

the International Year of the

throne.

Ms. Gress said.

She told the Jordan Times that

world spectacular

Chamber of Commerce seeks government help for private road hauliers

AMMAN (J.T.) — A drop in the level of operations of privatelyowned transport and transit road hauliers and the losses suffered as a result have prompted the Federation of Jordan Chambers of Commerce (FICC) to ask the government to stop temporarily the impontation of new lorries into Jordan.

The request also covers any proposed expansion by the Syrian-Jordanian and Iraqi-Jordanian land transport companies.

A report in Al Dustour newspaper said that the FICC note to the government also requested the implementation of a Jordanian-Iraqi agreement under which goods imported by Iraq through the port of Aqaba should be transported by Jordanian and Iraqi trucks. Each side is supposed to have 50 per cent of the business, and the FJCC

want half the Jordanian share to be assigned to the private sector. The note further includes a request for a reduction in entry fees levied on all vehicles owned by Jordanians but registered in other

The owners of these trucks have to pay a monthly fee of JD 75 to the customs authorities. The memo asks that this be reduced to JD 25 as was formerly the case.

NCC to discuss new draft laws Monday

AMMAN (J.T.) -- An amendment to the Jordanian Medical Association law and an agreement for a loan to Jordan from the Arab Fund for Social and Economic Development will be among a number of draft laws on the agenda of the National Consultative Council (NCC) when it resumes

its sessions Monday. The NCC session, which will be low of migrant workers.

chaired by Speaker Suleiman Arar, will be the first after the NCC's summer recess.

will shortly launch a campaign to remove beggars and vagrants from NCC members are also expthe streets of Zarqa. A depected to hear the government's artment spokesman said the replies to a number of proposals month long campaign will be carwhich include a request for the ried out in cooperation with the opening of official offices in Jorpolice department in Zarqa. The dan to recruit and regulate the infcase of each beggar will be studied individually and non-Jordanian beggars will be asked to leave the

155 road accidents, 3 deaths occur in 1 week

AMMAN (Petra) — Three people were killed and 102 injured in road accidents occurring in Jordan between July 27 and Aug. 2. according to Traffic Department Dir-

ector Brig. Ahmad Abul Su'oud. In a statement to the jordan News Agency, Petra, Brig. Abul Su'oud said that the casualties resulted from a total of 155 road accidents that occurred mainly in

Amman and its suburbs, the Balqa Governorate, the Ramtha Distric and the Irbid Governorate.

The week registered 23 fewer accidents than the previous week and a drop of four per cent in the number of those killed, but showed an increase of 10 per cent in the numbers injured, Brig. Abul Su'oud pointed out.

Agri marketing company to float shares mid-Aug.

AMMAN (J.T.) - A projected company for the processing and marketing of Jordanian agricultural products will offer a total of 3.900 (000) shares for sale to the public by the middle of August. according to Dr. Sami Sunna', director-general of the Agricultural Credit Corporation (JCC).

He said that 51 per cent of the total of 10 million shares will be purchased by the government and almost 21 per cent will be owned by the Jordan Valley Farmers Association, the Jordan Cooperative Organisation, the Pension Fund and the Social Security Corporationt According to Dr. Sunna', the sale of the shares will continue till the end of September when the company's general assembly will be called to elect a board of directors.

The projected company. Dr. Sunna' said, will not have monopoly status within the market but will act alongside the existing companies. He said that the company will open offices in countries which normally import Jordanian agricultural products to promote the sale of these products and will provide the company with information on the nature and scope of these markets.

International bids received for Aqaba expansion plan

AMMAN (J.T:) - The government has received several bids from international companies to implement a series of new projects at Aqaba. A report in Al Ra'inewspaper said that the bids were for the development of the southem parts of the port city and the establishment of new tourist facisterial tenders committee for con-

The paper also reported that the port authorities in Aqaba have embarked on a clean up campaign along the coast. The campaign, it said, is expected to cost JD

sideration, the paper said.

AMMAN (Petra) — A meeting was held at the Civil Service Commission (CSC) Saturday to familiarise 18 newly-appointed employees with the government departments administrative sys-

fident, althrough expects PLO

opposition. But in Kalandia, PLO graffiti keep appearing as quickly as UNRWA's Palestinian staff paint over it. "The camps are exhibitions for our suffering," one

identity of these people who still class themselves by the parts of Palestine they came from, Acre. Jaffa and so on. The Israelis are taking the first step towards getting rid of the camps -- and of

New recruits to the civil service attend an induction meeting Saturday at the Civil Service Commission

Civil service orientation meeting held

The participants at the meeting

were briefed on the Jordanian civil

service regulations and the emp-

loyees work in connection with

these regulations, on-the-job tra-

Iraqi thrust blazes front

(Continued from page 1)

flew to the south to tour the border region. (Turkmen visits frontier, page 2)

But officials denied speculation he might have talks with his Iranian counterpart Ali Akbar Vellayati. Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz visited Ankara last week for talks on latest developments in the war.

Turkey, which is at pains to remain strictly neutral in the conflict, fears the latest fighting in the north could spark renewed unrest among anti-government Kurds in

It has also been worried by tra-

nian threats against an oil pipeline from central Iraq to Turkey's Mediterranean coast.

Its concern has been heightened by reports Friday that a salvo of shells had landed in Turkish territory near the border, although it was not clear where they had come

A second communique issued Saturday said Iraqi forces in the Mehran sector were still encircling seven towns and villages and maintaining their siege.

It said the Iraqi air force carried out 372 missions, one of the highest daily totals reported in almost three years of fighting in the Gulf

Badran outlines objectives for 1984 fiscal year

Water, roads and power to get priority in budget

AMMAN (Petra) — Water, electricity and road projects will figure prominently in the 1984 national fiscal budget because these projects involve basic services desperately needed by the people, Prime Minister Mudar Badran said here Saturday.

Addressing a meeting of provincial governors. Mr. Badran said that these services would help improve the standard of living, the health and the environment of the Jordanian people. Such improvements are essential to maintain the current population distribution and to encourage people not to migrate to the cities but to live and work on their land.

While preparing the general budget for your regions, priority should be given to the basic facilities required by our citizens in light of the availability of central government funds. Mr. Badran

The Prime Minister also asked that each governorate submit a separate draft budget application for each of the different projects it wishes to implement so that the projects can be scrutinised and discussed by the cabinet.

District governors, and heads of local government departments should take part in the preparation of their budgets which have to be submitted to the govemment by Aug. 21, the prime minister added.

The meeting, held at the prime ministry, was attended by the Finance Minister Salem Masa deh. Interior Minister Ahmad Obeidat. Minister of State for Prime Ministry's Affairs Hikmat Al Saket, the director of theGeneral Budget Department and a number



Walid Asfour, Minister of Industry and Trade, Saturday receives an Iraqi economic delegation in his

office where they discussed the expansion of trade between the two countries (Petra photo)

Iraqi economic delegation, Asfour discuss boosting of trade relations

Earlier in the day. Mr. Hashimi

AMMAN (J.T.) — Visiting Director of the Iraqi state org-Walid Asfour Saturday means of further bolstering Jordanian-Iraqi economic relations.

Mr. Hashimi, who is currently leading a delegation to Jordan to negotiate contracts for the purchase of Jordanian products, discussed the possibility of increasing the volume of trade exchanged between the two countries as part of a bilateral protocol on economic and trade affairs.

The meeting, at the minister's office. was attended by several ministerial aides and members of the Iraqi delegation.

Building chosen to house new Beirut embassy

AMMAN (J.T.) — A special government committee has recently visited Beirut and chosen a building to serve as Jordan's embassy

in the Lebanese capital. A report in Al Ra'i newspaper Saturday said that the committee comprised representatives of the Foreign and Finance Ministries

and the National Audit Bureau. The government had earlier allocated funds for the purchasing of a building in Beirut for such a purpose, the report said.

met the Amman Chamber of anisation for consumer goods Abu Commerce deputy director and Taleb Al Hashimi discussed with chamber members to discuss ways Minister of Industry and Trade of increasing the volume of trade uty director said the chamber will between Iraq and Jordan, and to continue to place its services at the explore the prospect of coo- disposal of the Iraqi trade sector peration between Iraqi and Jordanian chambers of commerce.

"The Iraqi government gives Jordanian peoples. priority to the importation of goods and produce through the Jordanian port of Aqaba except for goods that come from the east dan which started Friday.

which tend to come via other ports." Mr. Hashimi said at the

meeting.
For his part, the chamber's depso as to re-emphasise the special relationship between the Iraqi and

The Iraqi delegation will also meet Jordanian exporters and businessmen during their visit to Jor-

NEWS IN BRIEF

Arab pharmacists to meet

AMMAN (Petra) - Conditions of pharmacists in the Arab World in general and on the occupied West Bank and Lebanon in particular will be among the subjects for discussion by the 21st meeting of the Arab Pharmacists Federation (APF) executive council due to open here Monday. Delegates to the three-day meeting will also review byelaws for a projected federation of Arab pharmaceutical companies.

Jordan-China cultural protocol approved

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Jordanian authorities have endorsed a cultural protocol with the People's Republic of China for the coming three years, according to a report in the local press. It said that the agreement provides for the exchange of delegations. expertise and cultural activity between the two nations. The report said that the secretary-general of the Ministry of Education Abdul Latif Arabiyat had been authorised to sign the agreement.

Zarqa corporation endorsed

AMMAN (J.T.) - The cabinet has approved the establishment of the Zarqa Development Corporation (ZDC) to help execute projects in Zarqa and its neighbourhood. A report in the local press said that a group of notable personalities in Zarqa had requested the government to approve the establishment of the new corporation which will run along the lines of the Salt Development Corporation.

Ministry to help on libraries guide

AMMAN (Petra) - The Ministry of Culture and Youth will help the Jordanian Library Association (JLA) to print its projected guidebook on libraries and librarians in Jordan and will offer other necessary assistance to JLA in other projects, according to Minister Ma'an Abu Nowar.

FOR RENT

Consisting of two floors, each with a separate entrance. The ground floor is fully furnished and with three bedrooms, three salons, three bathrooms, three spacious verandas with central heating and telephone.

The second floor is unfurnished and consists of three bedrooms, three salons, three bathrooms and three spacious

Each floor has an area of 330 square metres and the villa is located in Shmeisani near the Bird Garden.

Call tel: 668503

plan have so far met with a rebuff, .aelis want to do is to uproot the but Mr. Ben-Porat remains con-

Prime Minister Mudar Badran Saturday bolds a

meeting in Amman where he outlined the gov-

Zarqa beggars

ZARQA (Petra) - The Social

Development Department says it

country, the spokesman said.

Dudin drops

fruit barriers

AMMAN (Petra) -- Agriculture Minister Marwan Dudin, Sat-

urday decided to allow the entry of

grapes and figs from the West

Bank into the East Bank as from

Sunday until further notice. He

also gave the go ahead to the entry

of honey dew and watermelous

from Jenin and Tobas in the West

Bank from Sunday until Sep-

tember 5. and the entry of tom-

atoes from Jenin from Sunday

until the end of August.

to be cleared

(Continued from page 1)

something of a loner in the government. But he foresees no problems with cabinet approval since several senior ministers were on his committee.

He denied reports in the West Bank Arabic press that a new settlement town is to be established at Fasayil, a bleak village in the Jordan Valley north of Jericho. People would be offered rehousing not far from camps where they now live, he said, and the scheme would be voluntary. But he admitted that it might be necessary to move some people "to rebuild within their neighbourhoods.'

Details of the project have not yet been released, so rumour is rife in the camps. "Many refugees are worried. They see themselves being taken out of the camps and put somewhere else," Mr. Rov Skinner, the Australian who directs UNRWA's West Bank operations, said. Many of the camps are hemmed in, with no obvious land available nearby for resettlement. Where there is land, it. is likely to belong to other Arabs who will want to know how the government intends to acquire it.

voluntary. UNRWA, he says has a mandate to provide services for refugees whether they live in camps or elsewhere. But he is on guardi. Last April, he said there were suggestions that the government would like to get rid of UNRWA as a "political obs-tacle." Although this was denied.

the warning signal was noted.

Camp inhabitants have come to regard the U.N. agency as their protector. Many have become well established over the 35 years. and do not want to be disrupted as' they watch camps gradually merging with surrounding neighbourhoods. But a recent Israeli decision to block off main access roads into certain camps on security grounds threatens to reverse this process and brought charges that ghettos are deliberately being

The army says that the move makes it more difficult for stones to be thrown at passing Israeli vehicles. But the roadblocks are disrupting camp life and the barricades and barbed wire carry a whiff of the concentration camp..

Attempts by officials to begin a dialogue with Arab elders in some Mr. Skinner has no objection to of the camps on the resettlement

Israeli resettlement plan adds to Palestinian fears

Palestinian said. "What the Isr-

communique called for a strategic alliance based on respect for the

and other related topics.

eral (CSC) staff members.

The meeting was attended by

PCC appeals for

the deputy director of the Institute

of Public Administration and sev-

exile). The communique also urged strengthened Palestinian relations with "progressive Arab forces."

PCC did not discuss at any stage setting up a Palestinian gov-

committee's success now depended on the attitude of Damascus. "The ball is clearly in Syria's court." he said.

The council reaffirmed: "Relations between Syria, the national forces in Lebanon and the PLO constitute the true support for the Lebanese people in their fight to maintain the independence and Arab character of their country."

end to rebellion The communique denounced U.S. Middle East peace proposals - which envisage self-rule for

(Continued from page 1)

'independent Palestinian decision-making," and on res-olutions adopted at last February's meeting of the Palestine National Council (parliament in

without defining the term. Conference sources said the

ernment in exile. An Arab diplomat said the

Palestinians in the Israelioccupied West Bank and Gaza

Strip in association with Jordan.

The council said this plan was

aimed at establishing U.S.-Israeli hegemony in the Middle East. The Reagan plan... aims at denying a political role to the PLO and even at eliminating the political and national identity of the Palestinian people," the com-

munique said. The U.S. was trying to impose the same hegemony on Lebanon and plotting its partition, the council said.

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VIEW FROM AMERICA

Biotechnology and a deteriorating U.S. image

SAN FRANCISCO - America's image in the world has undergone some great changes in the last years. It used to be that America's image was very positive, but, then. America was also remote. From a Middle Eastern perspective. America, before World War II. was a very distant country. Since World War II. America has become a very real presence in the Middle East. And it has acquired an enormous image made up. now. of positive and negative elements. The pos-itive elements are pretty much as always: We are a free cou-. ntry. We are rich. We are powerful. The negative elements are new: We are imperialist. exploitative. untrustworthy. For Vliddle Easterners, we have in many ways acquired the characteristics of an earlier imperial Britain while ret-

Yet there is one constant element in our image which

By Canute James

the American.

tinuing relationship will take.

the United Nations by countries

including Cuba and Nicaragua.

On the evidence of the last ele-

ctions in 1980, however, this is not

an issue. The Independence and

Socialist parties garnered only six

"The question of Puerto Rico's

independence is now part of the

East-West confrontation," says

Jose Granados Navedo of the rul-

ing Partido Nuevo Progresista

(PNP). "The merits of the case are

difficult to discern in the smoke of

this confrontation. Puerto Rico is

now a pan-American colony, but

it is not yet a colonial problem.

and the United Nations should not

interfere. The people of Puerto

Rico should decide their own fut-

The essence of the argument

between the island's politicians is

whether they should opt for sta-

tehood, becoming the 51st of the

Union, or maintain the status quo.

Governor Carlos Romero Bar-

celo, who leads the pro-statehood

PNP, has promised a referendum

on statehood if his party is ret-

urned with a significant majority

in elections planned for next year.

The major opposition, the Par-

tido Popular Democratico (PPD),

led by Mr. Rafael Hernandez.

advocates a continuation of the

Commonwealth relationship.

Recent public opinion polls give

vir. Hernandez a comfortable

lead in popular support over Mr.

all other countries in Latin Ame-

rica and the Caribbean." argues

Mr. Granados, "but it does not

compare favourably with the sta-

states." He says Puerto Rico has

no political power in Washington.

no voting power in Congress and

no real political muscle. Statehood

would change all this, he claims.

uments as a talse analogy with the

states of the Union. "The states

are richer because they have res-

ources and are able to advance

economically." says Jose Arsenio

Torres, a former PPD senator,

200 years and still not catch up

with Mississippi. Statehood would

"Puerto Rico can be a state for

The PPD dismisses these arg-

per cent of the votes.

Puerto Ricans

must give reasons

which can be found in both our positive and negative images. That element is the American genius for technology. From the time the United States was created some 200 years ago. Americans have had a curious ability to devise more and more new technologies. And even if we did not invent them, we were quick to take advantage of inventions by other people in other countries. The British invented a lot of things, but the U.S. was quick to take advantage of the new ideas. The Germans were, ahead in natural sciences a hundred years ago, but we rapidly caught up and surpassed them. The Japanese now seem to rival and outdo the U.S. in technological genius, but the U.S. is bringing in vast quantities of Japanese technology rather than shutting it out. Again, there is a confidence that we will eventually pull ahead of them.

And, even as the technological races go on, new technological ideas are gro-

wing in quiet shadows, still little noticed but which eventually will assume great significance. One such new area.... and in the view of many scientists the most important

one... is biotechnology.

Biotechnology remains a very broad term and includes many things. But in essence it refers to processes and techniques through which forms of living things can be altered and even new kinds of living things be created. As a science. biotechnology developed three decades ago when two scientists from Stanford University just south of San Francisco developed a model of molecular structure that correctly explained how information was transmitted from gene to cell in any living body and how that information and that gene could be altered. Now it is generally recognised that these two scientists launched another great scientific

The fact that it is a scientific

revolution has finally been sensed by many religious people in the U.S. who have banded together to protest further research in many areas of biotechnology as a violation of the right and power of God alone to create and change living forms. There are widespread. tears that the new genetic technology might produce some monstruous forms of human life, what we in the U.S. have

called "Frankensteins". Scientists themselves argue back that such genetic tam-pering was possible even before biotechnology came onto the scene. And, in any case. biotechnology is still a long way from being able to operate with living beings as complex as humans or animals. Even tampering with the genetic makeup of a fly poses vast ditficulties.

Yet revolutions once begun do not end for a long while. And it is true of the biotechnology revolution. In fact, it has only begun.

What is remarkable about this revolution in science is that little is needed in the way of complex apparatus, as is the case with nuclear physics right now. A simple laboratory with imaginative scientists is all that is needed. So a great army of biotechnology researchers has arisen all over the world, with the largest concentration in the San Francisco region of California. So far the practical app-

lications of biotechnology have been small. Virtually all of the work-still-goes into basic research, as was the case with the hundred years of research into electricity and magnetism that produced few results until the beginning of the 20th century when radio and then television and finally the entire realm of electronics appeared. Scientists are saying that the results will come faster this time. By the end of this century, they

will become visible to all. Three areas in which the biotechnological revolution will

be felt are: medicine, agriculture, and environmental control. Already now. biotechnology is producing new drugs once considered extremely difficult to manufacture of extract. An example is the cancer and anti-virus drug interferon which only a few years ago was monumentally expensive. Predictions are rife that new seeds can be developed to permit high yield cultivation of crops in densely packed fields. And without the heavy capital inputs which made the "green revolution" so uncertain. And already now bacteria have been developed that can "eat oil." and help clean up waters contaminated with oil spills.

Americans as a people are happiest when they feel the old technological genius is still with us. Talking with scientists in the numerous tields of biotechnology makes clear that the old excitement of scientific discovery and technological progress has come back to the

Whose argument is sterile?

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WHEN a U.S. State Department official was asked, here in Amman a few months ago, why the Reagan administration chose to abandon President Carter's policy of considering "illegal" Israeli settlements on the West Bank, he had to look around for an answer. "You know how new administrations like to be different," he finally said. "As far as the Reagan men are concerned, the switch (in terms describing Israeli settlements) from 'illegal' to merely 'unhelpful' may have been the least the California guys could do to show creativity and originality." And, the official lamented that he personally had to lose his old comfortable job as a result of such changes constantly taking place in Washington.

It turned out, after the American veto of last Tuesday's U.N. Security Council draft resolution condemning Israel's settlement activity in the occupied territories, that this official's assessment of his administration's policy was at best flawed, and that the State Department has itself been behind the shift in the theoretical American attitude towards Israel's continued colonisation of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

We are not going to get into a sterile argument as to whether Israel's settlement policy has or has not a legal validity, as this matter should be left for negotiations, said the official spokesman of the State Department soon after the veto, as if to prove this point. And, the call for dismantling the existing settlements is not a "practical demand" either, according to him.

So, it seems, Washington's official policy has all along been not that of trading territory for peace but of compromising what is left of Arab territory for recognition of Israeli super rights to our lands. Otherwise, what is the meaning of all that the Americans have said during and after the U.N. vote last Tuesday.

Well, we will have to admit that the latest American position has come as no surprise to us. It is new and more dangerous only in that the U.S. administration has finally spelled out the worst of what it must have been thinking since last September, when Mr. Reagan announced his proposals for the Middle East.

But, as it happens, there is not much left to say to the Americans except that the failure is all theirs. Neither Jordan nor the Palestinians nor anybody in the Arab World will ever accept to enter "sterile" peace negotiations whose main purpose would eventually turn out to be the legitimisation of Israeli occupation.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Deportation already policy

THE CHAIRMAN of the foreign relations and security committee in the Israel parliament, the Knesset, has suggested to the government that any Palestinian caught throwing stones at Israeli settlers or Israeli troops should be deported. As Eliaho Ben Alissar is considered one of the closest aides to Prime Minister Menachem Begin and ranks near the top in the Zionist heirarchy in Israel, we must conclude that this proposal reflects official Israeli thinking. At the same time this proposal reveals much about the Zionist's expansionist plans in the occupied Arab territories. The proposal shows that Israel's leaders are continuously searching for new ways of evicting the Arab population from their homeland and at the same time trying to legalise their actions. This proposal serves the interests of the Zionist settlers and prevents the Arab inhabitants from exereising their natural right of resisting terrorism, intimidation and occupation. This trend relutes Israeli claims that their judicial authorities are trying to stem the settlers' criminal acts against the

Halting the Arab population's resistance and forbidding them to defend themselves from the settlers' terrorist acts paves the way for more acts of terrorism on the part of these settlers who are in league with the Israeli government in getting rid of the Palestinians. Despite the fact that the new proposals have not been officially approved, we believe that this policy already been put into force. This practice is thus expected to last as long as it contorms with Israel's official policy of evicting the Arab population from their own homeland.

Al Dustour: Tripoli on the brink

THE EXPLOSION which took place in Tripoli Friday and killed and injured many people is cause for both sadness and grief for all Arabs. It is leared that the explosion, which claimed the lives of innocent people, will be the opening phase of a terrorist campaign launched against that Lebanese town to force its inhabitants to abandon it and leave the streets and buildings to the warring factions. It is feared that the explosion, which occurred near a mosque packed with worshippers, marks a new escalation of the terror and sectarian violence which been summering for same time.

We believe that Tripoli will be exposed to further violent actions because the town is bound to become the final ditch for loyalist PLO fighters if they are driven from their present positions in Al Bekaa by the dissident forces opposing PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat. The explosion and the indiscriminate and brutal killings reflect lust for blood by these factions and their instigators will who stop at nothing to achieve their goals.

Sawt Al Shaab: Rewarding the criminal

THE LATEST U.S. veto at the U.N. Security Council which defeated the Arab resolution condemning Israel's atrocities in the occupled Arab town of Hebron surprised no one. Washington's justification of its veto was an uglier crime than that committed in the Arab town by Zionist extremists, and reflected America's total commitment to protect the aggressor and reward the criminal with more support and financial assistance. Washington, which refused a mere verbal condemnation included in a resolution which does not even mention Israel by name, has thus granted recognition to a new reality created by Israel in the occupied Arab lands. Washington also exposed to the world its double-faced dealings with the Israelis and the Arabs which will result in the destruction of what is left of its meagre credibility in the region.

How can Washington from now on consider the Israeli settlements illegal and an obstacle in the path of peace? In justifying its veto at the Security Council session. Washington said that "it is impractical to call on Israel to dismantle its settlements in the occupied Arab territories." Doesn't that mean that Washington approves of Israel's measures to change the demographic and cultural characters of the occupied lands? Doesn't that also mean an explicit American recognition of Israel's claims to these Arab lands? How can Washington single-handedly play the role of a Middle East peace mediator after its open support for Israel in its drive to Judaise this Arab territory?

aining our earlier positive image

Britain never possessed and

for visiting America do away with the many tax advantages which the island enjoys. It

SAN JUAN A visitor to San would be disastrous." Juan, the Puerto Rican capital, Behind all these arguments about the island's political future might be surprised at being asked by immigration officials the reais a common concern for preson for his visit "to the United Staserving the island's economy. tes." He might also wonder why Long regarded as a model to be emulated by other Third World the government-owned television station signs off at night with two anthems -- the Puerto Rican and countries. Puerto Rico has played host for the past 30 years to foreign investors lured by tax hol-"Puerto Rico, USA" is how idays which have been extremely government brochures describe generous by any standards.

the United States possession in the Such has been the impact of the tax concessions on the island's Caribbean, and its 3.2 million people refer to the U.S. as "the economy that employment in manufacturing, which in 1950 accounted for nine per cent of the In explaining the apparent labour force, attracted 19 per cent anomaly of its "Commonwealth" last year. Public administration relationship with the U.S., most, employment jumped from nine Puerto Ricans seemed concerned per cent in 1450 to 24 per cent last not with severing the link, but in: year. Not surprisingly, empdetermining what form a conloyment in agriculture slid from 36 per cent of the labour force in The cause of Puerto Rican ind-1950 to five per cent last year. ependence is repeatedly argued in

"Although the transfiguration of the Puerto Rican economy has been incredible, we have made mistakes." confess Governor Romero. "As we industrialised. we lorgot about agriculture. If we could do it all over again we would not ignore agriculture."

The gloss is wearing from the industrial miracle. Pressures imposed a tew years ago by high oil prices have been increased by the ession in the U.S. The number of bankruptcies filed by businesses last year reached 2.054 which is an per cent increase over 1981. nemployment has moved from 10 per cent in 1970 to 22 per cent last year, and growth in the gross domestic product fell from 8 per cent last year, and growth in the gross domestic product fell from 8 per cent 12 years ago, through 0.6 per cent in 1981 to minus 3.9 per cent last year.

Yet there is little concern for the immediate future, thanks to the help of the mainland. The island last year received \$4 billion in various forms of welfare aid -- slighily more than Cuba, with three times the population, gets from the USSR, argues one representative of the independence movement.

With a per capita income of \$3.150 last year. Puerto Ricans are theoretically richer than all their neighbours in the Caribbean. But more than 50 per cent of the population needs food stamps in order to survive.

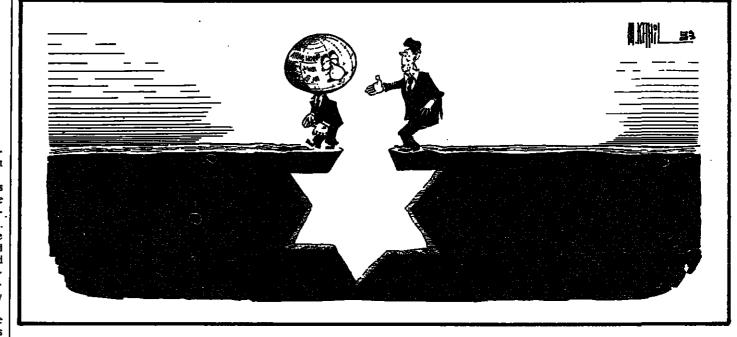
Governor Romero has long Were it left to stand on its own, wanted to hold a plebiscite, but without Washington to lean on. was put off by the fact that his l'uerto Rico would doubtlessly party's majority in the last election sink under the weight of its public was only 3,500 votes in an eledebt of \$8 billion, which is equctorate of 1.6 million. He needs a ivalent to the cost of one year's large majority to ensure support imports, and 75 per cent of the for statchood from the legislature. "Puerto Rico is better off than

But this hardly dissuades the independence movement. "Figures on benefits from the United States are misleading." claims Fernando Martin, toreign affairs tes of the Union. For example, the secretary for the Partido Indisland is much poorer than Mississippi, which is the poorest of the ependentista Puertoriqueno.

Puerto Rico buys more than \$7 billion in imports each year from United States' companies. and companies operating here make a clear \$2 billion in net profits each year."

Despite this position, other equally avid supporters of Puerto Rican independence admit in private that severing ties with the U.S., given the nature of the economic relationship, would lead to economic and political chaos.

-- Financial Times news feature I carefully balancing Indian inf-



Colombo bans non-ethnic parties to heal ethnic riots

By Jeremy Clift

COLOMBO - The wave of violence in Sri Lanka. which has so far claimed 200 lives, is posing the strongest challenge to the state since 1971 when the government faced an armed insurgency.

The present government, saying it faces a foreign-inspired coup plot, has banned three leftist parties and extended an island-wide currew in attempts to counter the violence.

The unresi, which has also destroyed property worth tens of millions of dollars, has dealt a severe blow to economic development and tourism, although Western diplomats say they do not think it will affect foreign aid.

Diplomats and businessmen said overseas investors would undoubtedly reconsider plans to put money into the palm-fringed republic, famous for its tea and unspoilt sandy beaches.

The violence left a trial of devastation across much of the island with at least 17 major factories. many making garments for export. severely damaged in the Colombo district alone. The secretary of the Ceylon

Chamber of Commerce, S.S. Jayawickrama, told Reuters he believed damage to property ran into tens of millions of dollars, while Information Minister Anandatissa De Alwis said the unrest would affect everyone.

He said the economy had suf-

fered and jobs had been lost as part of a conspiracy initiated by an unnamed foreign power to undermine the government.

He said the violence was much more than a mere race riot between majority Sinhalese and the minority Tamil community, who number about 2.5 million on an island of 15 million people.

"It is a deeper conspiracy than merely to set one set of people against another. This is part of a really deep plot to overthrow the government," he said on state-run

The government has responded by using emergency powers to ban three Varxist groups, the pro-Soviet Communist Party of Sri-Lanka, an extreme left revolutionary group known as the Janatha Vimukthi Peramuna (People's Liberation Front), and the Nawa Sama Samaja Party (New Socialist Party).

The People's Liberation Front, known locally as the JVP, was behind the abortive attempt in 1971 to overthrow the government of Prime Minister Sirimavo Bandaranaike. Several hundred people died in clashes.

The JVP was proscribed and several of its leaders jailed by special courts. The government of President Junius Jayawardene released them after it came to power in 1977 and the party began open political activity. Jayawardene also moved to ban

separatist groups, proposing leg-islation that will effectively outlaw

the main Tamil party, the Tamil United Liberation Front (TULF). It advocates a separate Tamil state and has 17 of the 168 seats in the state assembly.

Jayawardene said the legislation, amending the constitution, would be presented in parliament on Thursday.

Western diplomatic sources said banning the parties would not solve the latest unrest while Mrs. Bandaranaike said the action-

could be counter-productive. She told Reuters by telephone the government was probably trying to find a scapegoat for the tro-

"I don't know if they had good reasons for banning them. The government is not keeping us informed." Mr. Bandaranaike, who leads the Sri Lanka Freedom Party, said.

The latest round of violence was sparked by the killing of 13 army soldiers by Tamil guerrillas in the northern district of Jaffna on July 23. The ambush climaxed a series of guerrilla attacks on government offices, trains and buses over two months.

Reprisal attacks by Sinhalese in Colombo and several other cities caused widespread damage and created 35.(N)() Tamil refugees in the capital alone.

The guerrillas, known as "The Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam", have been outlawed for four years. TULF denies any con-

nection with the guerrillas. The government of 77-year-old Jayawardene was in a strong position politically before the latest violence erupted.

He was elected to a second sixyear term in October and a December referendum extended the term of parliament for six years. preserving his United National Party's two-thirds majority.

Sri Lanka is already in economic trouble and the violence could aggravate the poor balance of payments. In 1982, the current account

balance of payments deficit was 11.793 million rupees (\$490 million), which the central bank said was the highest on record. It was attributed to sluggish

export growth and a rise in imports. It compared with a deficit of-8.342 million rupees (\$345 million) on current account in 1981. Mr. Jayawardene had won con-

siderable praise in the West for dismantling the heavily stateregulated economy imposed by Mrs. Bandaranaike. He opened. Sri Lanka to Western investment and set up free trade zones to try to attract more foreign companies.

'This is like a thunderbolt for foreign investors," a local businessman said. "It will take us a long time to rebuilt our economic reputation sufficiently for Western investors to place their money

Foreign investment has been running at an annual average of around \$40 million, in a country where per capita income averages

Nepalese fear absorption by India

By Jeremy Clift Remer

KATHMANDU - A root between two stones that was how the 18th-century Gurkha King Prithvi Narayan Shah once described Nepal, the Himalayan kinedom he created out of a handful. of feuding principalities between India and China.

Two centuries later. Nepalese still fear that their position between the world's two most populous countries could lead to the end of their independence.

In an attempt to prevent the stones crushing the root, the present monarch King Birendra has pressed for his territory and its 16 million people to be intemationally recognised as a zone of peace.

Nepal is officially non-aligned.

luence with openings to Peking and aid from the United States with ties to Moscow. Classified as one of the world's

least developed nations, Nepal faces the barrier of the Himalayas to the north and borders India to the south, east and west. As some Nepalese observe, their country is not only landlocked but "India-Indian diplomats in the temple

city of Kathmandu acknowledge Nepalese fears that they could be gradually absorbed into India. on which they depend heavily for trade and supplies.

At the same time New Delhi sees Nepal as falling within its security sphere, particularly after its border war with China in 1962. Nepal was not involved in the con-

The forum wants the border

ians. Under a 1950 treaty the two countries, who share strong ethnic. religious and cultural ties. have an open border with no visa requirements. Several million Nepalese work in India.

Migration has gone on for centuries and, as in Assam, it is difficult to establish who is recent immigrant. Much of the migration occurs at harvest time when labourers from India's populous sta-tes of Bihar and Uttar Pradesh come to help in the fields. Other labour from India includes artisans and builders, engineers and fruit sellers.

Though neither government is anxious to exploit the issue, some political analysts in Kathmandu see the influx of Indians as potentially explosive because of unease over Nepal's economic depNepal's exports and provides 40 per cent of the country's imports. Nepal and the Kingdom of Bhu-

tan to the east played a part in the subcontinent's security even in the days of the British raj when they were seen as Himalayan bulwarks against the Chinese.

India adopted the same approach at independence in 1947.

But the 1975, merger with India of the small Kindgom of Sikkim. between Nepal and Bhutan, reinforced old doubts here about Delhi's intentions. Sikkim became India's 22nd state after a referendum that proposed abolition of the monarchy.

On the plus side. Nepal and India have wide areas of potential cooperation, particularly in water resources and hydro-electric Dower.

Nepal's relations with China are sealed, with work permits for Ind- endence on India. India takes half less intense than those with India.



Talking straight Marwan Muasher

Let me tell you the story of someone who was deeply in love with a girl. He knew her for a long time and they got really close. The relationship developed to that point where a life-long commitment had to be made. Either they wanted to share their lives together forever or the relationship was over. She was ready for that commitment and told him so. Our friend, however, was a bit hesitant, he loved the girl, and wanted very much to

marry her, but he was weighing other factors in his mind. He was not financially independent and did not know if he could support her. He understood marriage involved sacrifices and yet there were some qualities in her that he did not quite like. He believed in marriage but was

afraid of losing an independence he grew so accustomed to. He realised marriage should be a couple's choice but knew his family did not approve of the girl. He really felt at ease with her yet in a way the thrill was gone from the weighing the pros and cons in his

Time to take decisions

She kept asking him for a decision, one way or the other. She told him that whatever decision he takes, she would respect it, but that it was important for him to take one. She said they could both live with whatever decision was taken. Nobody drops dead. Life goes on. She made it clear that both had a life ahead of them to could only mean that he did not worry about and start building, yet this stage of "limbo" was hindering both of them from starting commitment. The status quo just to plan that life, together or separately.

Our friend, not knowing what to do and being too indecisive to make up his mind, just postponed for the indecisive. taking a decision in the hope that time will provide him what an answer. He was in a way waiting for a miracle to reveal to him a course of action, a miracle that was not to come because he had all the facts of the case before him. and thus an answer could only come from within himself. He was treating his poor girlfriend like relationship. So our friend kept someone who had an old shirt hung in the closet that was too

dear to him to throw away, yet too

Well, time did the only thing possible to it in this case, namely pushing our friend in a corner where a decision would be made for him, an inevitable negative one. It finally came one day. The girl told him she could not wait any longer, that if he was too hesitant to take a positive step, then that want her strongly enough to outweight the cons and make the did not do. Her love was just as strong as it ever was, and bitter as she was, she said she had to go on with life, which seldom has a place

What did our friend do? He indulged in self-pity and went around telling his friends how much he loved this girl who just betrayed him by deserting him!!

Does the story look familiar to you? If it doesn't it should. For it is the story of our life as a modern Arab nation. We have been and are treating two of our most important questions in modern history

lfriend. I am referring to the que- policy (or no-policy)? With every ndon it if all it does is take us away afraid of choosing an option, lest stions of Palestine and Arab unity.

Take the Palestine question. From the time the problem arose to our present day, we have adopted a policy of postponing decisions, of reacting to whatever events time presented us with. During that time, we kept inventing reasons that in certain cases were right, but only because we had pre-put ourselves in positions where we did not have other choices. Like our friend, we kept pushing ourselves into situations where we had to speak from a position of weakness. Our reasons iustifying this behaviour ranged from an ignorance at the beginning of the century, to the Jews cunning ways, to the sympathy Jews enjoyed in the West, to the strength of the Jewish lobby in the USA, ... etc. Seldom did we try to initiate actions, to set policies, that would change the status quo. Instead, we kept reacting (as opposed to acting), which is a passive pro-

cess capable of producing only What are the results of such a

corner we helped out ourselves in. from reality. We cannot dare to the inevitable consequence was a "modification" (more appropriately a compromise) of our original claims.

Like our friend, who sincerely, passively, kept telling his girriend he loved her, we too never ceased proclaiming our love and yearning to our stolen land. Well, love alone is not enough. Having all the good intentions in the world is fruitless unless one follows through with actions. Every time we were shaken by the reality of war and defeat (not setback like we prefer to call it), the hope was revived that may be the shock was great enough to awaken us into starting to take decisions. But every time, we kept practising our old ways of no-decisions, waiting for time to provide us with a miracle it was not capable of.

idea we keep fiddling with from time to time. But I am yet to see one serious step taken towards achieving it. Arab unity is to me a fine idea, but I am the first to aba-

What about Arab unity? It is an

talk of Arab unity when the most simple act of open borders still does not exist. We are against postooning a decision until time provides us with his inevitable negative answer. In the pursuit of an idea that unfortunately up till now only exists in people's hearts, with no follow-up actions, people tend to look beyond their own country and its own welfare. The result is

that neither does the idea come

true, nor is a strong foundation for

one's own state laid.

It is time to take decisions. We are sick of the status quo. We hurt so badly we are even sick of ourselves, just like our friend, who, I am sure, did not regard himself in high esteem during his period hesitancy. We want to look each other in the face and say: Look, here are the facts. Here are the options. Let us choose one of them. Every day that passes by reduces our options. with all the past years testifying to that fact.

What are we waiting for? Sometimes I get the impression we are

we choose the wrong one. That is something we have to live with. People make choices all the time.

Some prove to be right, others wrong. But the important thing is to make them to the best of one's ability, correct them along the way to the best of one's ability, and live with the consequences. Taking a stand is always better than not taking one, and thereby letting events dictate outcomes that have to be against us, given the fact that we refused to have an active input in the shaping of these outcomes.

We need to take a stand today. If we want to fight, let us take this decision and work for it. If we don't or cannot fight, then let us have peace and start worrying about our country. If we want Arab unity, let us work for it. If we think it is not feasible, let us throw the idea aside (political unity, not unity of interests) and concern ourselves with building a stable and strong country. Life goes on. whatever decisions we take. I hope we decide to join it by sta-

Ajlouny: Israelis refuse distribution of Al Fajr in West Bank or Gaza

Palestinian publisher harassed in U.S.

Paul Ajlouny, a Palestinian American, is owner-publisher of Al Fajr newspaper, published in occupied Jerusalem and widely quoted throughout the Arab World. Grace Halsell of the London-based Middle East magazine recently interviewed Mr. Ajlouny in Washington D.C. who described his problems with Israeli-and American-officials.

Q. How was Al-Fair started? A. It was started by Youssef Nasr. my brother-in-law; we were room-mates in college in Kentucky. Later he finished college at the University of Illinois, then he came and asked me for \$10,000 to start the newspaper. He brought

out the first paper in 1972. Then Youssef was kidnapped in 1974, never to be seen or heard from since. I have indicated to the Israeli authorities that, if they can produce Youssel Nasr, I am willing to relinquish publication. But deep inside I know that Youssef has already been killed -- and buried. After he ws kidnapped, I had to take over a paper that I had financed but had been set up thr-

ough his efforts. I was still working as an engineer in New York. So I placed people in management, and would go to Jerusalem four or five times a year, review what was happening, set policy and continue. This was still an Arabic edition; we published the first English edition in April 1980.

Q. And you now have editions in Arabic. English and Hebrew? A. The Hebrew edition is biweekly; we hope to make it a wee-

kly edition. The English edition is weekly. The Arabic is daily. Besides the newspapers, we publish a monthly book on literary writings in Arabic and we also have a news magazine. The New Week, in Arabic. And we have just produced a sample issue of a magazine to be published monthly in London, cal-

Also, we plan to have a publishing house in Jerusalem for books, magazines and periodicals. Right now, our operations are located in various buildings in Jerusalem, I don't think there is any Arab publisher of books in Jer-

led Palestine. This will be in Eng-

Whatever we publish there has to go to the Israeli censors. In each (issue of) Al-Fajr we make a listing of the number of stories submitted to the Israeli censors and what they did to these stories. It is a very frustrating task for the journalist who goes out into the field and gathers information and dev-Israeli censors cut the story down

Also, the Israelis do not permit our newspaper to be distributed in the West Bank or Gaza. If you get

caught with it in the occupied territories, you will be prosecuted and put in jail. It is allowed in Jerusalem and in Israel. News vendors, however, will not carry it. So it is basically sold in the Jerusalem area to tourists staying in hotels and to embassies and by sub-

scription. The paper is produced on Thursday in Jerusalem and the photocopy material goes by special carrier and arrives in New York on Monday morning. In New York, I take it to my printer who reproduces it, and we mail it out in the United States.

We now have about 4.300 subscribers. The State Department subscribes to two issues of Al-Fajr, and we have given it as a gift to the president of the United States. who is not aware of Palestine or the Palestinians.

Q. Your charter is in the United

A. All machinery and equipment is owned by Omar Intemational Inc., a New York state corporation, and that is registered to do business in Israel. All of the tangible equipment belongs to the

corporation. Q. Since that corporation is registered in New York does that mean it would be more difficult for

Israelis to seize the paper? A. Oh, they can seize anything. But the Israelis are trying to portray to the world they have freedom of press. So if they decide to close Al-Fajr, and they can do that. I think there would be an outcry, and this would tarnish their image.

There can be direct censorship and there can be fear of writing. And I don't know which is worse. You know I was jailed for my activities and spent three months in Federal Prison in Lexington. Kentucky.

Q. What were the charges? A. Setting up satellite equipment for the PLO. That was the charge. I wish I had the capability. I would be very happy to do so. The only persons who are capable of sending satellites into orbit are the Soviet Union, America and a consortium of European companies. I was given a two-year sentence and released after three months, due to the absurdity of

In America, you say "PLO" and that's a front-page story. Everybody and his uncle wants to prosecute a PLO man. And I was tried in Brooklyn. We asked for a change of venue and of course it was denied. The prosecutor was Jewish, the district attorney was Jewish, the judge was Italian. The district attorney wrote a letter to the judge that I was a dangerous undercover agent for the PLO, and therefore I should receive a tenyear sentence and a \$100,000

Q. Is that what happened? A. I received a \$10,000 fine and a two-year sentence. I paid the \$10,000 fine. My legal fees were

in excess of \$100,000.

negative results.

Let me tell you (another) story. I am a board member of the National Association of Arab Americans, and on 12 May 1982 I leftmy New York home to drive to a board meeting in Washington. Shortly after I left home, my wife was visited by the FBI. One of them said, "Did your husband leave for Washington?" And she said yes, and they asked, "Is he attending a conference?" And they said, "We would like to talk with him".

I talked with them, here in Washington, and they had the audacity to suggest that I might have plans to assassinate an Arab leader, who was visiting Washington. They were forewarning me not to do that. This is life for a Palestinian in these United States.

It is not the first time I ve had a visit from the FBI. Once, before they visited my home and questioned me. I suppose their purpose is intimidation, harassment. But I have stood up to it.

The motto of my newspaper is: "You cannot deny me the rights Kirkuk was the site of Iraq's and privileges that you have and expect to keep yours for ever". It is a simple concept of life.

Oil industry survives in northern Iragi city

By Subhy Haddad

KIRKUK, Iraq -- Artillery and anti-aircratt missile emplacements dot the vital oil fields surrounding this heavily-guarded northern Iraqi city, a major Iranian target which survived a blitz in the early days of the Gulf war.

Kirkuk, a city of 400,000 people. is the centre of Iraq's oil industry, producing almost all of the crude it exports to help generate cash to finance the war effort.

In the first few months of the war. 51 Iranian air raids severely damaged oil installations and killed hundreds of people.

But wih the bolstring of defences which officials say have deterred further attacks on the city. life here continues very much as normal although its oil fields remain a glittering prize for any conqueror.

mo The last Iranian raid was about אור months ago and the only planes. now flying over the city and its oil fields are Iraqi fighters heading for Iran, 150 kilometres to the east. the officials say.

first oil discovery in 1927 and before the war the country as a whole was exporting 3.2 million barrels

But with the war now in its 33rd

month. Iraq is restricted to only one outlet to the world's oil markets -- a pipeline to the Mediterranean across Turkey --which according to industry sources is transporting about 700,000 barrels per day, less than a quarter of its pre-war exports.

Previous outlets through the Shatt Al Arab waterway and a pipeline across Syria, which supports the Iranian cause, have both been closed because of the con-

To underline the strategic importance of the province, of which Kirkuk is the capital, the central min" (Nationalisation). government has spent more than Earlier this month Iraqi Prefighting started.

recently quoted provincial gov- truce during the holy month of ernor Zuheir Al Qadiri as saying Ramadan in June. the cash was for housing, railway. irrigating and other projects.

rnal Fire because a 3.300-year-old natural fire still burns just 10 kilometres from the city centre. Kirkuk's population is made up of Arabs, Kurds, Turcomen and

some Armenians. Up to a few years ago, men on

donkeys carrying crude oil in black tins for Turkish bath-house boilers could be seen in Kirkuk gently meandering through narrow lanes.

Also gone are the rolls-royce and other British cars which carried the European staff of the old Iraq Petroleum Company (IPC), owned by a Western consortium. through the city.

They have been replaced by the latest West German and Japanese models driven by staff of the Iraqi General Establishment for the North Oil, formed after IPC was nationalised in 1972 and the province of Kirkuk renamed "Taa-

one billion dinars (\$3.3 billion) on sident Saddam Hussein called for development projects since the a halt to attacks on shipping and oil installations, a stop to bom-The official Iraqi News Agency bardment of civilian areas and a

But Iran rejected the proposals saying Iraq should agree to its Known as the City of the Ete- conditions for ending the war.

The war has been close to stalemate for more than a year with Iranian offensives in late 1981 and

early 1982 making little progress. Repeated international efforts to mediate between the two sides have ended in failure.

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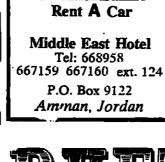
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SPORTS

Ed Moses leads gala parade of stars in Helsinki

world 400 metres hurdles king for the past seven years, will provide a majestic start to the first World Atheletics Championships here on Sunday.

The supreme U.S. hurdler will be the first world record-holder in action in the Helsinki Olympic stadium in a weeklong parade of atheletes unmatched since the Munich Olympics of 1972.

Moses, beaten only once since capturing the Olympic gold medal in 1976, was deprived of a chance of defending his crown by the U.S. boycott of the 1980 Moscow Oly-

Politics also stripped the 1976 Montreal games of some of the greatest black African stars, so this gathering of the cream of 158 nations promises to be, in the words of explosive U.S. sprinter and long jumper Carl Lewis, "the greatest track meet ever."

Lewis will also be on parade on Sunday in the 100 metres where some 50,000 tans will be comparing his performance in qualifying rounds with that of compatriot Calvin Smith, who last month reduced the 15-year-old world record of 1968 Olympic champion Jim Hines.

"I'm not atraid of Calvin." Lewis said as he announced his challenge for a golden troble in the 100 metres, long jump and sprint

A triple triumph here might persuade Lewis next year to attempt the quartet of Olympic titles achieved by legendary American Jesse Owens in the Berlin Olympies of 1936.

But the 22-year-old student is keeping his options open. "People ask me about the Olympics, but I'm not even world champion. I'd like to get this year over with first," he said.

The women's 100 metres also kicks off with heats Sunday as new world record-holder Evelyn Ash-1 lord of the U.S. begins her battle with tomidable East German duo of Marlies Goehr and Marita Koch.

Ashford elocked 10,79 in Colorado Springs last month, 0.02 seconds switter than the mark set bs European Champion Goehr the previous month.

But as Ashtord's time was set in the thin air of high altitude which can enhance performance. persuade doubters that she is the champion. world number one.

place for Olympic 200 metres prior coaching commitment. champion Baerbel Woeckel.

There has been a shake-up in among the other missing Olympic champions in their squad.

But one East German Olympic gold medallist is sure to make his presence felt here on Sunday. Shot-putter Udo Beyer, like Ed Moses, has lost just one important competition since winning at the 1976 Montreal Olympics.

In Beyer's case it was third place in the 1980 Moscow Games, but after setting a world record 22.22 metres in Los Angeles in June he is tayourite for the world champion crown here on Sunday.

"I have already done 22.65 in training. It everything goes right I think I could reach 22.50 in competition," said Beyer, American Dave Laut, an admiring rival of the East German, is likely to be the toughest challenger.

The men's shot, the men's 20kilometre walk and the women's

she needs victory in Helsinki to of place as the first athletics world

Grete Waitz of Norway is fav-Koch, not competing here over ourite to win the event in the absher world-record 400 metres dis- ence of former world recordtance, was only 0.02 seconds beh- holder Allison Roe of New Zeaind Goehr in the 100 in June and land and American Joan Benoit. joins a sprint squad which has no the new holder who is fulfilling a

Waitz, 30 later this year, is a runner of immense experience. A the East German team, with long duel with Benoit, who clocked her jumper Luiz Dombrowski and world best of two hours 22 min-400 metres hurdler Volker Beck utes 43 seconds in this year's Boston Marathon, would have been a beguiling prospect.

But the United States can still present a strong challenge through Julie Brown, who returned a similarly impressive 2:26:24 in Los Angeles, scene of next year's first women's Olympic marathon. West German Charlotte Teske also poses a threat.

The men's 20-km walk features European Champion Jose Marin of Spain. Maurizio Damilano of Italy and Czechoslovakia's Jozef Pribilinee fastest in the world this year at 1:19:49. Finnish hopes are pinned on Reima Salonen. European 511-km walk champion.

The memory of past Finnish Olympic heroes hovers over these inaugural World Championships. A statue and an avenue outside the stadium remember the name of Paavo Nurmi, who won gold medals at three distances in the

marathon are the three titles to be decided on the opening day, with Rodriguez retains European

Rodriguez of France successfully detended his European heavyweight boxing title for the ninth time Friday night when Belgian challenger Albert Syben retired with a badly cut eye in the eighth

heavyweight crown

Rodriguez, living up to his reputation as one of the most consistent fighters in Europe at present, struck early on,

A jolting straight right opened up a bad cut over Syben's left eye in the second round, and the Belgian, clearly shaken, never got back into the fight as he sought to

Rodriguez, who won the title in

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NIMES, France (R) - Lucien November 1981, proved to the

Rodriguez had been due to meet compatriot Sylvan Watbled but the challenger pulled out, saying the 28,000-franc (\$3,600) purse was not enough.

After his convincing victory. Rodriguez danced around the ring. and said: "I won, it was beautiful. They can't beat me."

Syben's seconds had worked nate to repair the damage which steadily got worse from the third round onwards but the Belgian. blood pouring down his face and virtually blinding him. was forced to five up.



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12.000 crowd in the Nimes bul-Ifight arena that his 12-round defcat -- he lost on points -- against WBC Champion Larry Holmes was not a fluke and won six and drew two of the eight rounds.



U.S. Clay Court Championships She rarely came to net, but dic-Gomez, runnerup at last week's Top-seeded Andrea Temesvari of tated the play with top-spin grotournament in North Conway.

Temesvari dominates women's

INDIANAPOLIS. Indiana (R) — Hungary continued to dominate the U.S. Clay Court Championships as she defeated defending champion Virginia Ruzici urns. ot Romania. 6-2. 6-2. Friday night "T to advance to the women's final.

Temesvari, who has lost just 15 games in four matches during the week-long, \$589,000 tou-rnament, will meet third-seeded Zina Garrison of the United States in the final at the Indianapolis Sports Centre.

In men's play. IN-year-old American Jimmy Arias beat fifth-seed Chris Lewis of New Zealand 6-4, 7-5 to reach the semi-finals. He meets seventhseed Shlomo Glickstein of Israel. who beat unseeded Roberto Arguello of Argentina, 7-6 (7-5), 6-2.

Garrison defeated secondseeded American Kathy Rinaldi, 6-1.6-4. to reach the biggest final of her career. Another victory would make the 19-year-old Garrison the first black player to win the title since Althea Gibson of the U.S. in 1957.

The 17-year-old Temesvari, the Italian Open champion, was overoowering in her 78-minute match with the fourth-seeded Ruzici.

HOCKENHEL J. West Germany

Rain soaked the fast Hoc-

kenheim circuit at Saturday's fina!

practice for the West German

Formula One Grand Prix on Sun-

day, giving France's Patrick Tam-

bay in a Ferrari pole position

thanks to his convincing run on

Ferrari teammate Rene Amoux

of France had the fastest lap Sai-

urday atternoon, but his time of-

two minutes, 00,594 was much

slower than Fambay's 1:49.328

Sunday's grid will be led by the

Ferraris of Tambay, last year's

Hockenheim winner, and Arnoux.

forced to use rain tyres in the per-

meant the final session was no

re-run of Friday's procession of

Their timings on Friday mean the turbos will take the first 11

Defending champion Keke

Rosberg of Finland was again the

quickest of the non-turbo drivers.

He was fourth fastest on Saturday

after being 12th on Friday and will

be praying for damp conditions on

Hockenheim's super-fast str-aights allow the turbocharged cars

to demonstrate their awesome

power. But forecasters expect

rain, which could blunt their edge

Rosberg, in a conventional,

Ford Cosworth-powered Wil-

liams, could then reap the rewards

After nine rounds of the 15-

race world championship series.

of the fine driving skill he has

shown this season.

over the non-turbo machines.

turbocharged cars.

Sunday.

grid places on Sunday.

On Saturday the drivers were

Friday.

on Friday.

undstrokes that kept Ruzici well behind the baseline and reaching high above her head for her ret-

'Today she couldn't do much against me because my top-spin was very good. I was just trying to be consistent," said Temesvari. who evened her career record with Ruzici at 2-2.

'It may not have been pretty but I am sorry. I just wanted to win so much."

The 28-year-old Ruzici said. "I think she was too tough today. I had no chance to attack." Temesvari lost her serve once in each set, making it a total of just

three times this week she has not held serve. Ruzici lost her serve three times in each set. Garrison took advantage of a slew of unforced Rinaldi errors to run off seven straight games from 0-1 in the first set. In the second set Garrison broke for 5-3. Rin-

broke again and then ended the match with two winners. In men's play. Andres Gomez of Ecuador and Mel Purcell of the United States will meet in the

Tambay secures W. German

the Finn is still in touch with the

leaders. He is fourth in the sta-

ndings behind Alain Prost of Fra-

nce (34). Brazil's Nelson Piquet

Prost's Renault teammate.

American Eddie Cheever, starts

sixth, but he came second in Sat-

urday's practice, showing he can

In unofficial practice Riccardo

Patrese ran his Brabham into pol-

ystyrene track markers on a bend.

fered gearbox problems Saturday

morning and he did not turn out

while Prost did the same. Neither released.

Other drivers were not so lucky.

handle Hockenheim in the rain.

Grand Prix pole position

(33) and Tambay (31).

New Hampshire, defeated unseeded American Jimmy Brown.

Purcell who gained the final here in 1980 as a qualifier, dropped only 10 points in the second set as he beat fourth-seeded Henrik Sundstrom of Sweden. 7-6.

In the feature match, Lewis played an attacking game which Arias countered with pinpoint passing shots throughout their 74-minute match.

The New Zealander, runnerup to John McEnroe in the Wimbledon final, led 2-0, 40-0 on serve in the final set. But Arias saved those three game points and one more to break serve. Then in the fourth game Lewis came within a point of leading, 3-1, three times. But Arias saved all three breakpoints to hold serve.

aldi broke back but Garrison Arias won the next two games to lead. 4-2. but Lewis battled back to 4-4 and it eventually went to 5-5. Arias then broke at 15 in the 11th game and hammered in two consecutive aces to hold serve at love to close out the match.

Italian Andrea de Cesaris was

fined \$5,000 Saturday after he

knocked down a policeman on his

way to practice for Sunday's race

Cesaris caused two accidents Sat-

urday morning as he drove up to

de Cesaris injured a policeman

and left the scene of the accident

without permission. The officer

was admitted to hospital but later

De Cesaris told reporters: "On

Police said de Cesaris would

the Hockenheim "Motodrome."

A police spokesman said de

He said in the second incident

here.

Local fans in the 20,000-strong my way to the Motodrome a pol-

crowd were disappointed by West iceman jumped into the road in

Germany's Manfred Winkelhock, i front of my car. I tried to avoid

who failed to qualify. His ATS suf- him but did not succeed in doing

IOC calls for tighter doping controls on athletes

HELSINKI (R) - The Int- in the world capable of carrying ernational Olympic Committee proper tests he said. (IOC) has asked the International Amateur Atheletic Association (IAAF) for harsher penalties for atheletes breaking doping reg-ulations. IAAF Secretary John

Holt said Saturday. Holt was speaking at a news conference on the eve of the inaugural World Atheltics Championships after the first-ever meeting of the IAAF and the IOC executive board.

The LAAF was formally asked by the IOC to be more severe on atheletes who have formally asked by the IOC to be more severe on atheletes who have positive doping tests." Holt said.

He added that the IAAF hoped to make compulsory drug tests on all world record breakers starting next year.

Earlier IAAF President Primo Nebiolo said the drug control problem remained very serious.

year's Los Angeles Olympic The IOC want excessive doses of caffeine and testosterone inc-

laboratories."

luded on the banned drugs lists. while the organising committee are opposed to this because they believe present testing facilities are inadequate.

"If we want to have serious dop-

Nebiolo was asked about a dis-

pute between the IOC, and the

organising committee of next

ing controls we must have more

·We will have complete doping controls in Helsinki." Nebiolo replied.

We believe that the same must happen in Los Angeles. We can not have different ideas about the same problems.

"We must have similar ideas for all international sporting fed-There were only I I laboratories erations."

Soviet Union buys TV rights for Olympics

Union has bought the rights to televise next summer's Los Angeles given the high crime rate in Los Olympics Games, a further indication that it intends to take part in the games,

The President of the Los Angeles Olympics Organising Committee. Peter Ueberroth, told a press conference Saturday that the Soviet Union and the other members of the Soviet bloc Intervision group had secured the rights for a total of three million dollars.

"We have the final agreement now, but we will make the final arrangements on September 26." Ueberroth said.

The 37-member western European Broadcasting Union (EBU) paid NIV 8 million for the same rights.

Ueberroth, who was flying to Helsinki later Saturday, arrived in Moscow on Friday for talks aimed at averting any chance of a Soviet

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet has said it had misgivings about the safety of athletes at the games. Angeles.

Ueberroth said he had "open. reasonable, substantive, and productive" talks and assured Soviet officials that safety measures would be adequate.

But he said there would be no special precautions for Soviet

Ueberroth echoed International Olympic Committee President Juan Antonio Samaranch's words here last month by saving he believed the Soviet Union did not know the meaning

of the word boycott. "I should say they are making preparations equal to any nation. including the United States. Ueberroth said.

He said he believed the Soviet Union intended to attend the Los Angeles Games but stressed that no country needed to state its int-

With victory now virtually sec-

ured for Audi. the West German

firm was now ensuring that Mik-

kola finished first. officials said.

The 41-year-old Finn is now sec-

ond in this year's World Cha-

mpionship Series, 22 points beh-

ind West German Walter Rohrl

The Soviet Olympic Committee entions until next slay.

have to pay the money on Sunday. **Hamburg beats Liverpool** in pre-season tournament

ROTTERDA M. Netherlands (R) - European Champions Hamburg beat English Champions Liverpool 4-3 on penalties Friday night after an uninspiring match in a pre-season soccer tournament

Liverpool created the best chances, but lack of effort, particularly from Scottish international Kenny Dalglish. let them down. The score was ()-() at

Hamburg go into Sunday's final of the four team tournament against Standard Liege of Belgium, who beat home team Feyenoord Rotterdam 3-1, despite the efforts of the Dutch club's latest signing.

NEWPORT BEACH, California

(R) — American Jimmy Connors

\$300,000 exhibition tournament

at the Newport Beach Tennis

Earlier, Ivan Lendl of Cze-

Mayotte earned places in the final

Eliot Teltscher 6-4, 7-6 after Wil-

Kevin Curren 7-6; 3-6, 6-1. They

will meet in one semifinal with

the other, and the eventual winner

Lendl and Mayottee clashing in deciding set.

In other four-team friendly toumaments played Friday night. tingham Forest 1-0 through a sixth minute own goal by Viv And-

In the same tournament, Lokeren of Belgium beat the Romanian national side 5-4 on penalties. The score was 3-3 at full

In a tournament at Alkmaar. AZ'67 Alkmaar beat Genoa of Italy 3-2 on penalties after another 3-3 draw at full time.

Volendam, newly promoted to the Dutch first division, surprisingly won 3-1 against Werder Bremen who were runners-up to Hamburg in last season's West German Championship.

Lendl, Mayotte joined by Connors, Wilander

Connors. 30, the defending

groundstrokes and acrobatic vol-

leys against Teltscher. He took the second set tie-break 7-1.

developing a powerful serve-

and-volley technique to go with.

He won the first set tie-

levelled the match the young

Swede opened a 5-0 lead in the

The 23-year-old Lendl, ranked

Wilander, 18, ranked number

in exhibition tournament semifinals

and Mats Wilander of Sweden U.S. Open Champion and cur-

advanced to the semifinal round rently ranked number three in the

with victories Friday night in a world, mixed an assortment of

choslovakia and American Tim five in the world, showed that he is

ander defeated South African breaker 7-5, then after Curren

Connors eliminated compatriot his strong baseline game.

second lead over teammate Stig Blomavist of Sweden. Frenchwoman Michele Mouton

and Kenyan ace Shekhar Mehta were still third and fourth respectively to complete the domnation of the West German works cars whose tremendous grip was well suited to the dirt tracks of

vonne. driving an Audi for the first time in a World Championship rally, won four of seven speed tests totalling 447 km (278 miles) around this fashionable ski resort of Bariloche at the foot of

econd in the world behind John McEnroe, defeated Poland's Woj-

nick Noah. 3-6, 6-3, 7-6 (7-0).

Fibak. 30, led 5-4 in the first set

and closed it out with his second

service break in the 10th game.

Lendl began to find the range with

his powerful serve pounding in 16

aces during a match lasting two

After splitting the first two sets.

Noah broke Mayotte in the sixth

game of the deciding set and took

hours and 12 minutes.

a comfortable 5-2 lead.

timore.

Mikkola takes the lead in Argentine rally

Veteran Finn Hannu Mikkola grabbed the lead in the Argentine International Motor Rally Friday and, barring accidents, looked set to take his four-wheel drive Audi Quattro to victory when the World Championship event ends.

Mikkola turned a deficit of more than three minutes ovemight into a one-minute 21-

Patagonia.

Mehta and co-driver and wife

who did not take part in the 3,244 km (2.030 miles) event. Baseball star

will not be prosecuted TORONTO (R) - New York Yankees baseball star Dave Winfield will not be prosecuted for accidentally killing a seagull with a warm-up throw during a game against the Toronto Blue Jays

Thursday night. a Toronto prosecutor said Friday. Crown attorney Norman Mat-usiak decided, after a telephone conversation with Winfield, that the outfielder did not kill the bird. one of Canada's protected species. on purpose. He would ask that charges be dropped at a hearing

set for next Friday. Winfield hurled the "fowl ball" during a break in the fifth inning. The brained seagulf's corpse was

tek Fibak, 4-6, 6-3, 7-6 (7-2), after an all-night flight from Baltaken away in a towel. Mayotte came back from 2-5 in the third set to oust France's Yan-After the game, Winfield, who knocked in the winning run in the Yankees' 3-1 victory, was arrested

by plainclothes policemen and charged with cruelty to animals. He was released on bail but faced a maximum \$400 fine or six months in jail if convicted.

Winfield, one of the sports highest paid players, said Thursday night, "it's unfortunate, but it was an accident. It wasn't intentional. Sincerely. I would never hit an animal on purpose."

FOR RENT

Deluxe furnished apartment, consists of two bedrooms, reception area, salon, centrally heated. Location: Jabal Amman, 5th Circle direction of Abdoug area.

Pls. contact Mr. Abu-Nader Tel: 669525

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<u>||EInternational</u> JAWHARAT AMMAN BLDG. **SHMEISANI**

Grand Opening Monday,

GERMAN COMPANY Is looking for a

second-hand air conditioned station wagon car.

668799

Soviet trade rises

MOSCOW (R) — Soviet trade with the rest of the world rose by 6.8 per cent in the first half of 1983 compared with the same period last year. 64.4 billion roubles (\$86.9 billion) as against 60.3 billion (5 81.4 billion).

The figures were quoted by First Deputy Foreign Trade Minister Genady Zhuravlyov in an interview in the newspaper Sovietskaya Rossiya Saturday.

Mr. Zhuravlyov said nearly half of all Soviet foreign trade was with other communist countries.

In the first half of 1982 the increase in foreign trade compared with the first six months of 1981 was 11 per cent.

Meanwhile the quality of the Soviet cotton crop has deteriorated in recent years, an official newspaper said Friday quoting the ministry

The poor quality of the crop and inefficiency in getting it picked and processed fast enough have been responsible for difficulties in the domestic clothing industry, the newspaper Komsomolskaya Pra-

Weather problems were the cause of the poor crop. it said. Reflecting a greater concern with quality production throughout Soviet industry, the newspaper suggested workers in the important cotton producing areas of Central Asia should be paid for the amount of clean cotton produced rather than just by weight.

U.S. jobless rate falls

WASHINGTON (R) - The unemployment rate in the United States dropped sharply to 9.5 per cent last month as the labour market benefited from the nation's vigorous economic recovery, the government reported Friday.

Last month's reduction from June's 10 per cent jobless rate meant more than half a million people found employment, the Labour Department said.

It was also the first time in 10 months the rate had been below 10 per cent.

The number of people unable to find work contracted to 10.6 million in July from over 11 million in June, and well below the more than 12 million who were jobless last December as the recession

The decrease underscored the steady progress in reducing U.S. unemployment that has taken place since the severe recession ended late last year with the jobless rate at a postwar high of 10.8 per cent. Other recent government statistics have also confirmed the existence of an economic recovery, and White House economists predict the pool of unemployed will continue to shrink.

The July figure was lower than administration hopes for the jobless rate at the end of this year.

The most recent projection was a 9.6 per cent rate by the fourth

Morocco, Libya sign cooperation accords

RABAT (R) - Morocco and Libya have signed agreements on trade, culture, labour and social security, following a three-day visit to Tripoli by a high-ranking Moroccan government delegation. A communique Saturday said it was also agreed that Morocco

would take part in a housing and building programme in Libva. The accords mark a new phase in Moroccan-Libyan relations which were marked by bitter disputes for over a decade until Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi visited Rabat to confer with King Hassan early last month.

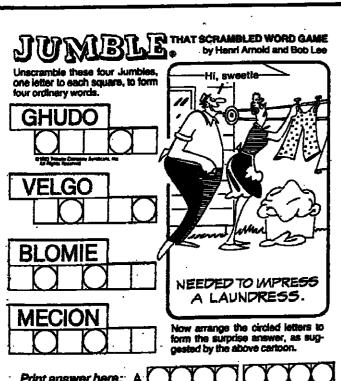
A Libyan delegation will visit Morocco shortly, and a bilateral e a vear alternatively in Fripoli and Rabat. The first meeting is to take place by November.

The agreements were seen in Rabat as another stage in moves towards a rapprochement between all North African states with a view to eventually setting up a Maghreb union or confederation.

Mitsubishi, BNOC sign oil deal

TOKYO (OPECNA) - The Mitsubishi Oil Company has signed a two-year contract with the British National Oil Corporation (BNOC) for the purchase of 11,000 b/d of crude at \$30 a barrel. beginning October. During the first three months, the volume to be lifted will be 5.500 b/d.





Taipei to buy more U.S. products

buying mission to the United States in an attempt to cut a huge first six months of this year, the board of foreign trade said Sat-

A spokesman said the mission was one of several voluntary measurss being taken by Taiwan to reduce the surplus.

The group was expected to purchase \$600 million worth of industrial and agricultural products. he said.

The mission will be led by Mr. Vincent Siew, the board's director general, and visit 15 to 20 states in September.

It would buy 800,000 tonnes of corn. 400.000 tonnes of soyabeans, 175,000 tonnes of wheat, 12.000 tonnes of tobacco and trade deficit with Taiwan this year.

TAIPEI(R) - Taiwan is to send a 500,000 bales of cotton. the spokesman said.

The United States is Taiwan's trade surplus run up by island and largest trading partner and twowhich reached \$2.85 billion in the way trade totalled \$13.2 billion last year, with a \$4.2 billion surplus in favour of Taiwan.

"We are very much concerned about the growing trade imbalance." Mr. Siew told reporters recently.

'There will be more and more domestic pressure in the United States for protectionist actions". Two-way trade in the first half of 1983 rose 9.3 per cent com-

pared with the same period of

1982 to \$7.06 billion. The American Institute in Taiwan, the unofficial U.S. office here since diplomatic relations were severed in 1979, recently predicted that the United States would suffer a record \$5.5 billion

EEC complains to GATT

GENEVA (R) — The European community said Friday it had protested to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) over a sale of 28,000 tonnes of butter and cheese by the United States to Egypt. The community said in a statement it had also requested a meeting of GATT's dairy council, which includes all major dairyproducing countries. The community has asked that consultations over the sale be held by the end of September, and may ask for compensation or for an arbitration panel to be set up to rule on the

Occidental wins Chinese contracts

rican company to win a place in China's massive offshore oil and gas programme, company chairman and chief executive Mr. Armand Hammer said Saturday.

"The agreement is another giant step forward in the continuing good relations between the U.S. and China. Occidental is proud... to develop what may be the world's last vast unexplored deposits of

oil." he told a Peking press conference.

The firm has signed contracts with the China National Offshore Oil Corporation (CNOOC) to explore and develop oil or gas finds in two contract areas in the South China Sea's Pearl River basin.

Occidental to sink about \$60m

Mr. Hammer said his company would sink more than \$60 million into the initial exploration phase of the contracts, lasting five years. Consortia with which Occidental is involved will spend about twice that, he added.

He said seismic studies in the area suggested reserves in the multibillion-dollar range.

With Occidental in the first contract area, about 180 miles southwest of Hong Kong. are France's Elf Aquitaine and Total Exploration and Britain's Tricentrol Exploration Overseas.

In the second is Spain's Hispanica De Petroleos. Australia's Ampol Exploration and the CSR Company, and Tricentrol.

The deal is only the second in the first round of bidding for areas in China's programme.

In May, another consortium led by British Petroleum (B.P.) signed

But the industry has awaited with keen interest the arrival of the first major American company on the scene.

Exxon may sign similar deal

Oil industry sources said Occidental could be the tip of the iceberg of U.S. participation in the offshore programme. Exxon is expected to sign a similar deal at the end of this month. probably with its Royal Dutch Shell negotiating partner.

Secret document shows Soviet economy needs radical reform

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet economic development is being stifled by the centralised bureaucracy and the entire industrial system should be radically reformed, according to a secret analysis made available to the Western press.

The document was prepared by a group of leading economists from research institutes in Nov-

The group called the present industrial system outdated and argued that it crushed iniative and fostered idleness and indifference the proposals said they seemed to ditions had changed and the popamong the working population. be far too revolutionary to be among the working population.

They said the excessive powers wielded by a mushrooming bureaucracy presented the main obstacle to any change.

Their report urged the leadership to carry out a far-reaching overhaul of the entire economic apparatus and warned that this could not be achieved without conflict within the government and communist party hierarchy.

The document was presented to an unpublicised conference on economic strategy summoned by the Kremlin in April.

Only 70 copies were printed. each stamped "for official use only

Soviet sources leaked it to the Western press a week after the leadership announced a package of experimental reforms which echo some of its recommendations.

WHAT WOULD YOU DO IF

LIKED YOU, BUT ALL OF A

SUPPEN, TWO GIRLS SAID

THEY LIKED YOU?

Mutt 'n' Jeff

MOST OF THE TIME NOBODY

Peanuts

The reforms gave more autonomy to managers in a small group of industries but did little to limit bureaucratic control over them.

Novosibirsk-based figures in the field of Soviet economics, the sources said. Their ideas were well received at the April conference but it was

osibirsk, a main academic centre. not clear how far the Kremlin was prepared to go to accept them. they added. But Western diplomats told of ._

> be far too revolutionary to be adopted by a leadership which had demonstrated that it favoured slow and cautious change. Central to the economists' areument were a share cutback of bureaucratic controls and a far

greater amount of independence

to be given to factory managers and to the workers themselves. At the same time the central state planning agency. Gosplan. should have its authority increased so that it could give more effective direction to economic

development. The group said it was not Gosplan which was a bureaucratic hindrance, but the masses of ministries and other administrative bodies which came between Gos-

plan and the factories themselves. The analysis said it was clear the present economic system was not working because they had been a

WOULDN'T WORRY ABOUT

it until I had finished

MEDICAL SCHOOL AND

MY SURGICAL PRACTICE

was well established in

steady and continual decline in annual growth rates from nearly six per cent to 2.5 per cent in the past two years.

It said the problem was that the The authors are all senior. system had been devised in the 1930s and had barely changed since that time. In a sharp indictment of the Sta-

linist period, it said the industrial strategy then had been based on a system which amounted to martial law and terrorised people into working hard. Since that period political con-

ulation had become more sopbasic economic mechanisms had stayed the same. Instead of enhancing the effectiveness of production forces the system is increasingly turning

down," the economists said. Increasing numbers of controls and restrictions had been introduced to make people obedient

into a brake which slows them

to the economic system. "The possibility of working people taking any initiative is red-

uced to zero." they said. The bureaucracy which applied these controls had mushroomed over the past decade. It imposed a rigid regimentation which stamped on the creative talents of both workers and managers, pre-

venting economic or technological

LET ME HAVE THAT

BLANKET FOR A MINUTE,

WILL YOU?

"To solve this problem will require a profound restructuring of the state economic management system, namely abandoning administrative methods of management with a high degree of centralised economic decisionmaking," the economists said.

They warned that all previous attempts to introduce limited reforms had been undermined by "covert opposition" within the state and party apparatus.

To introduce real changes the leadership had to be ready to accept outright conflict with those people in senior positions fearful of losing power and privilege.

"It stands to reason that such executives who occupy at present numerous warm places with an ill-defined range of responsibilities but quite respectable salaries are not happy at this pro-

spect." they added. The economists said the leadership would have to "galvanise those groups interested in chasuch as highly qualified nge." workers and managers, and immobilise" those opposed to it. such as bureaucrats and older

workers. As well as slowing down economic development, the present system had produced a resentful and low-quality workforce made up of people who felt their freedoms were restricted and sought to get back at the state through pilfering or idling, they said.

1.11 11/11 200 13

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, AUGUST 7, 1983

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Forget the past and its mistakes and look to the future with courage, character and conviction for concentrating on the past brings big obstacles. Look ahead for opportunities.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You are anxious to be of service to others, but the right opportunity does not present itself until later in the day.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Get busy at correspondence that can bring you fine results while waiting for other matters to come to fruition.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Concentrate on what is practical. It may take a little time to get work done. Take little trips to see friends.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Fine morning for exchanging ideas with others and find out how to handle your own affairs more intelligently.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Morning is fine for being with closest ties and planning for greater success in the days

ahead. Take time for meditation. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Be with good friends who can help you to get rid of depressed feelings due to delay

in gaining some wish vital to you. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Be careful you do not jeopardize good name or credit. Later, you know how to improve your status.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You find it difficult to gain new objectives, but later they begin to operate better for you. Contact friends. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Study your

responsibilities and then handle them after lunch. Control your volatile temper. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Use tact in dealing with allies today and they will be most co-operative. An

outside situation is troubling. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Don't get involved in some servile work early and then you can accomplish

something worthwhile. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Morning is fine for fixing your wardrobe, and later you can enjoy recreations with kin or friends. Perfect a hobby.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be apt to do things the hard way during adolescence and will need encouragement, but later on will have learned many a lesson and be able to achieve quite a success in life, provided you give a good education.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword By Manny Miller

ACROSS Through 4 Agreeabl 8 Panama 27 Possessive 52 Continent: 28 Disc game

for animals

degree

32 Thai 13 Greedy language 33 Sorrow 15 Young o King 16 Persian, 35 Flushed 38 Restraints

today 17 City ne Lake Tahoe 18 Kissing

42 Utmost 43 Compa game 20 African country 22 Argot

sufflx 44 Tokyo, formeri 45 Child's 23 Site: abbr 24 Wide-eyed game Secluded 50

25 Bother **FOOR** Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:



55 Talk: abbr 56 Dance 57 Tricks 58 Phrase users 31 Former federal 61 Card game 62 Car of the 63 Metal

53 in associa-

64 Head: Fr. 65 - reckon-67 Law or saw

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43 Native of Tel Aviv 46 Mrs. Marcos light Coercion 49 Krazy

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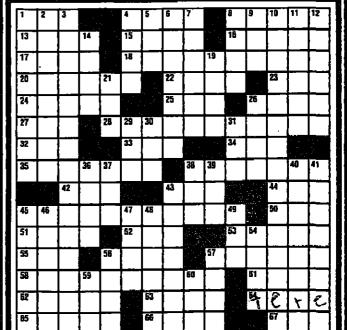
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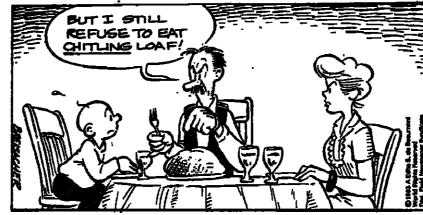
41 Chanteuse

54 "- for Life" 57 NCO Earth: prof. 60 Actor



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Andy Capp









Print answer here: A (Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: FLOUR AGING INTACT LEDGER Her face is her fortune, and it runs into

WORLD

Nicaragua awaits rebel attacks

MANAGUA (R) — About 1,250 right-wing Contra rebels have infiltrated into Nicaragua across the tense northern border with Honduras, intelligence chief Julio Ramos said Friday night.

He told a press conference that specific ship, the Alexander Ulytask forces of 250 to 300 rebels anov, as carrying helicopters and had slipped into Nicaragua in twin-engined planes supplied by the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (ClA).

In the next few days we will have tighting", vir. Ramos said. He alleged the U.S.-backed Contra rebels planned the intiliration in meetings with CIA and Honduran army officials in Tegucigalpa earlier this month.

He also showed reporters photographs of men standing by a Honduran military helicopter whom he said were former national guardsmen for dictator Anastasio Somoza, ousted by Nicaragua's left-wing Sandinist gov-

Nicaragua savs Honduran troops aid the rebels by providing cover fire for their escapes across the border after raids into Nicaragua and hostility between the two countries has raised tears of an all-out war.

The United States, which counts Honduras as its closest ally in the region, accuses Nicaragua of attempting to spread Marxist revolution throughout Central Ame-

President Reagan has also said Nicaragua is receiving arms from the Soviet Union and identified a

Salvadorean

army clashes

SAN SALVADOR (R) - Leftist

guerrillas and army troops clashed

Friday on the slopes of El Sal-

vador's Chinchontepec Volcano.

in the heart of territory the mil-

itary claimed to have wrested from

At least two soldiers were inj-

ured, military sources said, adding

that two others were injured Thu-

rsday in clashes in the area. Gue-

rrilla casualties were not known.

has been a guerrilla stronghold

The Chinchontepec Volcano

with rebels

military equipment. The Ulyanov began unloading its cargo Friday at the Nicaraguan port of Corinto. Despite assurances from port officials that the cargo was construction equipment, tractors and medicine, the

oriers to view the unloading.

Journalists who applied for permits were told by officials the government saw no need to prove the cargo was not arms.

government refused to allow rep-

Nicaragua will be a main topic in talks set for Aug. 14 between vir. Reagan and Mexican President Miguel de la Madrid. U.S. ambassador to Mexico John, Gavin told reporters Friday in Mexico City.

U.S. debate rages

WASHINGTON (R) — As the Pentagon prepared this week for the largest military manoeuvres in Central American history, debate intensified in Washington over just how crucial the small troubled region is to the United Sta-

A Reagan administration official told Reuters that the exereises were needed to show leftist

is prepared to defend its vital Čaribbean economic and strategic

But opposition Democrats were arguing more forcefully than ever that U.S. stakes in the area had been exaggerated and that President Reagan's policy for dealing with the leftists had been mud-

Mr. Reagan stated recently that Central America is in the U.S. "front yard," observing that New Orleans is closer to the Nicaraguan capital of Managua than to Boston.

The Administration official said halt of U.S. foreign trade and over half its oil imports move through the Panama Canal or through other Caribbean sealanes.

A viarxist revolt in populous. oil-rich Mexico to the north of Central America could have grave security consequences because it would be right on the United States' doorstep, he said.

House Democrats voted last week to cut off undercover aid to anti-Sandinist forces in Nicaragua, but the Republicancontrolled Senate is unlikely to ratity the measure.

Democrats have charged that the causes of insurrection in Central America are mainly internal. not exported from Moscow, and stem from vast inequalities of wea-Ith in the region.

They say Vir. Reagan's eco-

ana and Moscow that Washington exceeds the amount spent on military aid, should nevertheless be increased, along with efforts to promote land reform and welfare.

> Administration critics have argued that communist takeovers in Central America would not appreciably increase the threat to Caribbean sealanes, which for 20 years have been vulnerable because Cuba could provide ports to Soviet submarines

Deputy U.S. Defence Secretary Nestor Sanchez said recently: "Soviet expansion in the region ... could literally place hostile forces and weapons systems capable of striking targets deep in the U.S. on our borders."

Recent opinion polls have indicated that many U.S. voters are far from enthusiastic about sending U.S. combat troops to Central America, are undecided about the significance of the region, and are even unclear about which side the United States is backing in the guerrilla wars in El Salvador and Nicaragua.

Historically, the U.S. public has focused its attention on Latin America only sporadically, as during the Spanish American war, the Cuban missile crisis, and the debate over whether to turn over the U.S.-controlled Panama Canal to the Panamanians.

As Time magazine recently put it: "North Americans have preferred to look in other directions. particularly East and West. tow-

Shimbun reported. ntom tighters Friday shortly after and another Argentine fishing boat out of the exclusion zone after they had trawled within 15 kilometres of the Falklands coast. of the minority community, the Tamil United Liberation Front

Capt. Nelli said the Hercules had machineguns mounted on its fuselage but that it made no attempt to interfere with the ship's by radio-telephone that his course or make radio contact.

Capt. Sankara was sacked as is closed to international air traffic

own security".

vation council.

'Maj. Ouedraogo's prime minister and the borders sealed.

He expressed the hope that last and the majority Sinhalese poported. Mr. Jayewardene has told Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi his country does not need foreign military help, the Sri Lankan gov-

ulation would not discourage inv-

estment from foreign countries.

including Japan. Yomiuri rep-

ernment announced Saturday. The presidential secretariat said in a statement Mr. Jayewardene told Mrs. Gandhi in a telephone conversation Friday that Sri

Lanka's security forces could deal with any contingency. The secretariat quoted Mr. Jayewardene as telling Mrs. Gandhi that rumours of Sri Lnankan req-

nests for military help from abroad were untrue. But the secretariat said Mr. Jayewardene had responded to an offer of help from Mrs. Gandhi by saying food and medicine would be useful for the thousands of

people displaced by the riots. Meanwhile, a mass evacuation programme is underway in Sri Lanka to ferry thousands of Tamil refugees, to the northern city of Jaffna, where Tamils are in a maj-

NEWS BRIEF

Mrs. Thatcher leaves hospital

LONDON (R) - Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher left hospital wearing dark glasses Saturday following an operation on Wednesday that saved the sight in her right eye. She emerged smiling with slight bruising round her eye, not quite hidden by her large brown sunglasses, and told joumalists she was feeling " 101 per cent fit". "I'm feeling fine, but then I always am." said Mrs. Thatcher, who added that she was suffered from a little soreness. Doctors have said Mrs. Thatcher should have normal sight after a surgeon on Wednesday resealed a flap of retina that had detached itself from the back of her eye. bursting a small blood vessel and causing her to see black spots. A first operation last Sunday using a laser beam technique failed.

S. African synagogue damaged by bomb

JOHANNESBURG (R) - A synagogue was severely damaged by an explosion early Saturday morning, according to police, just hours before South Africa's president was due to visit it. Police said the temple Israel synagogue in the city's Hillbrow section was rocked by an explosion about 6 a.m. President Marais Viljoen was scheduled to attend morning's service at 10 a.m. with other dignitaries, including the mayor of Johannesburg and an Israeli official. Police cordoned off the area and there was no immediate information on casualties or the extent of the damage.

John Paul II accepts Zambian resignation

VATICAN CITY (R) - Pope John Paul Saturday accepted the resignation of Zambian Arc-.. hbishop Emanuel Milingo, who was recalled to the Vatican over a year ago amid controversy over his faith healing sessions. The Vat ican said the pontiff had named Milingo special delegate for the pontifical commission for tourism and spreading the faith to immigrants. There was no immediate announcement as to who would replace him as archbishop in Lusaka. Milingo. 53, had been archbishop since 1969. No reason was given by the Vatican for Milingo's resignation. There has been scant information on his whereabouts or activities during his

Anti-nuke protest ends in Brussels

15-month stay in Rome.

BRUSSELS (R) - Hundreds of anti-nuclear protesters marched through Brussels Saturday on the last stretch of a 350 kilometres month-long walk which began in Dortmund. West Germany, Police estimated Saturday's march was 700-strong, but most of them had not made the entire trip. Spokeswomen for the marchers, mostly West German women, said about 100 people had walked the whole way with thousands of others joining in at various stages. The action is aimed at stopping deployment of Pershing II and cruise missiles, due to begin in December in West Germany, Britain and Italy if no progress is made at arms talks. Security was tight around NATO headquarters in Brussels and police refused the

Floods cut road links in Bangladesh

marchers permission to pass the

DHAKA (R) - Fresh floods have affected more than 200,000 people and cut off road, trian and air travel in southern and eastern Bangladesh, officials said Saturday. Chittagong airport was under ankle-deep water and floods had submerged the highway linking five southern districts with Bangladesh's capital Dhaka, the officials told reporters.

Holidaymaker dies in sand tunnel

GREAT YARMOUTH. England (R) - A holidaymaker died Saturday after being buried alive in a sand tunnel he was digging on a crowded holiday beach, police said. Other people on the beach dug frantically with bare hands and toy buckets and spades to rescue fisherman Graham Pepper. 28, but it was 20 minutes before he was recovered dead.

Argentina alleges British 'provocations'

night of intercepting one of its

cules transport plane.

checking the identity of several Argentine tishing boats 165 kilometres northeast of Rio Grande on Tierra del Fuego. No shots

around the islands, which Argentina invaded in April 1982. Capt. Nicolas Nelli told Reuters

Falklands.

Argentina's military government said the incident was a British pro-

week's violence between Tamils

POLLUTION THREAT EASED: Spa-

nish supertanker Castillo de Belver (138,822 tons)

broke in two 105 kilometres northwest of Cape

Town after being engulfed in flames early Saturday

TOKYO (R) - Sri Lankan Pre-

sident Junius Jayewardene, said in

an interview published here Sat-

urday the government would lift

curfew restrictions in a few days as

security on the island began imp-

roving after last week's ethnic vio-

The president was speaking in

an interview with Japanese cor-

respondents Friday after the Sri

Lankan Parliament passed a law

prohibiting all demands for a sep-

arate Tamil state, the mass cir-

culation national daily Yomiuri

The new legislation, enacted as

an amendment to the constitution.

effectively bans the leading party

But the president was quoted as

saying he would maintain a state

of emergency declared on May 18.

was ready to have talks with sec-

essionist Tamil guerrillas. only if

He was also quoted as saying he

Sri Lanka to lift

Nigerian elections begin

LAGOS (R) — Nigerians began voting Saturday in the country's first civilian-run presidential election for nearly 20 years and the biggest security operation in its peacetime history.

in Lagos large numbers of people turned out to vote early in cool and overcast weather that threatened rain. Queues at polling booths -- 161,000 of which are scattered throughout the country. each catering for 500 voters were calm and orderly.

vlany Lagos residents seemed to have decided to make the day a holiday, with the normally bus-All available police were dep-

tling city centre virtually deserted. loved and the army was put on the



President Shehu Shagari

Saturday's vote is the culmination of a passionate sevenmonth campaign likely to result in Thirteen of those convicted a tight race between incumbent were freed Friday on suspended President Shehu Shagari of the sentences, including four of the National Party of Nigeria (NPN) and chief Obafemi Awolowo of The only woman sent to prison was factory worker Elizabeth McWilliams. 23. who passed the the Unity Party of Nigeria (UPN). Like the other four candidates. IRA information on the movements of a policeman with whom

President Shagari and Mr. Awolowo have travelled huge distance seeking support on a wide gengraphical basis, needing to win 25 per cent of the vote in 13 of the 14 states as well as a majority in order to claim victory.

Spain discovers sex of

MADRID (R) - Madrid zoo's ogrammes, they added. panda cub. born last September in the second successful panda birth by artificial insemination, is a

first successful artificiallyinseminated panda birth outside their native China.

the mother and died.

trace of remorse." He was spirited out of Northern The original 3x defendants, of Ireland by the security forces after the cub, which was given the Chiwhom three were acquitted, were testifying and is assumed to be nese name Chu-Lin (treasure of somewhere in Europe or Austried by Judge Kelly alone. Britain the bamboos), was male or female. The cub now weighs 33 kil- 1978 by the Chinese government. suspended trial by jury in guerrilla tralia.

through most of El Salvador's 3-12 year civil war, but the U.S.-backed military launched an offensive on June 1 designed to drive the guerrillas out. Two months into the offensive. which was coupled with public works campaign to win the" hearts and minds" of the rural pop-

ente Province, military sources Friday's clash was the third battle reported in the Central Province in the past week.

ulation, the guerrillas were ree-

stablishing themselves in San Vic-

Tuesday in a San Vicente ambush. army spokesman said. On July 29 seven soldiers were killed and 12 injured when they walked into a trap at a San Vicente

corntield, military sources said.

Seven guerrillas were killed on

The sources said an estimated 200 guerrillas had surrounded a comfield on the southern slopes of Cinchontepec and opened fire on 22 soldiers sent to destroy the field, which the army alleged was being cultivated to supply gue-

BY CHARLES GOREN

NORTH

0 A 874

WEST

◆ J987

The bidding:

♦ Void

A 10754

♥QJ743 ♥K1086

+ KQJ6 + 32

SOUTH

4 10 4 3

♥ A 9 2

♦ K J 10 5 3

North East South West

EAST

0 Q 9 6 2

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nomic aid to the region, which ards old friends and big enemies." Nicaragua and its backers in Hav-

BUENOS AIRES (R) - Argentina accused Britain Friday planes near the disputed Falkland vialvinas) Islands in the South

At about the same time, the captain of an Argentine fishing boat working just inside the exclusion zone imposed by Britain when it regained possession of the Falklands last vear said he was buzzed six times by a British Her-

The Argentine navy issued a communique Friday night saying one of its Électra patrol planes was intercepted by two British Pha-

ABIDIAN (R) Leftist officers

were in tull control in Upper Volta

Saturday after ousting their

pro-Western president, according

to reports reaching the Ivory

Ouagadougou, the Upper Vol-

tan capital, remained quiet Friday

except for a brief demonstration

called by lettist political parties in

support of the country's new mil-

itary rulers, residents reported by

On Thursday night, a group of

lettist officers, led by Capt. Tho-

mas Sankara. 34, ousted President

Jean-Baptiste Ouedrago, accusing

him of detending neo-colonialist

interests rather than those of his

Thirteen people died during the

coup, apparently when troops loyal to Maj. Ouedraogo, 42, put

up brief resistance, according to

diplomatic sources in Oug-

adougou. Fifteen were reported

telephone.

own people.

vere tired.

The area is near the edge of the 225-kilometre exclusion zone

2.500-ton factory ship Arcos was intercepted for the second time this week as it was fishing about 180 kilometres southwest of the

On Monday a frigate escorted it

last viay for seeking to radicalise

the military government and to

the main architects of the coup

was Capt. Blaise Compaore. 32. a

He led a rebellion by his par-

The authors of the coup set up a

national revolutionary council

whose makeup was not known but

which was believed to comprise

Capt. Sankara and Compaore and

Ouagadougou Radio, mon-

itored in Abidjan, broadcast mar-

tial music all day Friday, int-

errupted only by messages of sup-

port to the new rulers and slogans

such as" long live Capt. Sankara".

A night-time curfew was in

torce, while Ouagadougou airport

other young leftist officers.

achute regiment against Maj.

Ouedraogo to protest Capt. San-

kara's dismissal.

school triend of Capt. Sankara.

Intormed sources said one of

forge closer links with Libya.

Asked to comment on Friday's

incidents, naval sources said skirmishes between Argentine and British forces in the sea area around the Falkland Islands could not Leftist officers in full control of Volta

Capt. Sankara accused the ousted

president of leading the nation

astray when he sacked lettist ele-

ments from his ruling people's sal-

vlaj. Ouedraogo, who himself

seized power through a coup last

November, ordered the military

back to barracks last June, arguing

that they were becoming too pol-

iticised, and said he would hold

elections within the next six

Political analysts in Oua-

gadougou felt elections now app-

eared out of the question.

they stopped calling for a separate

China stirs

hornets' nest

PEKING (R) - China has unc-

unrest, which has set back the country's economy by between two to five years and left hundreds Every day for the past six days a ruins.

of Tamil offices and homes in

That constitutional provision is designed to break down the tribal politics which marred Nigeria's

morning. It formed a slick 32 kilometres long and 5

kilometres wide, but this huge pollution threat eased later Saturday when winds changed and began mov-

ing the slick away from the shore (A.P. wirephoto)

cuees.

freighter packed with refugees

from the South of Sri Lanka has

docked here, to disgourge its

cargo of shocked and tired eva-

owned in the wave of rioting by

majority Sinhalese, who sys-

tematically ransacked and set fire

to Tamil shops in the capital of

Colombo and several other towns.

After 10 days in crowded ref-

ugee camps and another two abo-

ard the open deck of a cargo fre-

ighter, they step wearily onto a

barge for the final journey from

ship to shore, where they are given

Fleets of red and silver Sri Lan-

Some clutch a straw bag or bat-

kan buses then transport them to

the villages of friends or relatives.

tered suitcase containing the few

possessions they escaped with

when their homes were attacked.

people were made homeless in the

The government says 79,000

rudimentary first aid.

Many have lost everything they

three dominating tribes can win alone. Candidates have to make alliances where they can among some 250 minority tribes.

first attempt at democracy after

independence from Britain in

1960. It means that none of the

Few political analysts are prepared to be dogmatic about the outcome, but Mr. Shagari seems likely to retain support in five vital minority states and is generally expected to win narrowly.

For the first time in Nigerian history we are having an election in which no one can be sure about victory." commented one Nigerian journalist. His remark reflected an almost

palpable feeling that Nigeria will

take a major step forward if it succeeds in staging elections peacefully amid passionate partisanship. This election is likely to see the last bid for the presidency by two of the Nigeria's senior politicians

-- Mr. Awolowo, who is 74, and Mr. Nnamdi Azikiwe, the first Nigerian head of state, 78. Mr. Azikiwe is running for the Nigerian People's Party (NPP).

which has its basic support among the Ibo people of the east. He is expected to run third in the vote Saturday. The people's redemption party and the great Nigeria people's party polled well in army-

supervised elections in 1974. when the military handed over power to the civilians after more than 13 years. But they are expected to suffer a

major losses this time. A sixth party, the Nigeria Advance Party, registered only last

year, seems unlikely to make much of an impact.

panda cub after long wait

male, zoo officials said Friday.

They said problems in deciding the sex of young pandas meant they had not known until now if

It was one of twins born last September to Shao-Shao in the

The second cub was rejected by

Shao-Shao and her mate Chang-Chang were given to King Juan Carlos and Queen Sofia in

1 O Dble 1 Pass Rdble 1 ♡ 1 NT 2 ♡ Pass 3 Pass Dble Rdble Pass 6 0 Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: King of 4. Sometimes you have to take certain risks to make your contract. That is not a time for the faint of heart or for playing safe.

Declarer was Esteban

Casian of Chile. His redouble

of three hearts, by agree-

ment, showed first-round

Both vulnerable, North West led the king of clubs, taken by the ace in dummy. Declarer cashed the ace of

GOREN BRIDGE

diamonds and learned about the bad trump break. He finessed the ten of diamonds and then made the key play of surrendering a club. West shifted to the queen of hearts. Declarer took the ace and ruffed heart, then

partner displayed touching

faith when he leaped to the

small slam in diamonds.

hoped for the best as he cashed dummy's three high spades. When those tricks stood up, declarer was home. He rulled a club in hand and a heart in dummy. Everyone was down to two

cards and the lead was on the table. Declarer simply led club from the table and East was trapped in a trump coup. Declarer held the K-J of trumps behind his queen and, no matter what East did, the last two tricks, and the slam, were in the bag.

Note that declarer must cash the high spades before he ruffs a club. If he does not, East will shed a spade on the third club and then ruff the third spade to defeat the

Hiroshima marks 38th anniversary

HIROSHIMA. Japan (R) - Hiroshima Mayor Takeshi Araki renewed a call for nuclear disarmament as the western Japan city marked the 3×th anniversary of the world's first atomic bom-

The mayor appealed people throughout the world to strive for peace when he addressed about 50,000 people at a memorial service for the estimated 151,000 victims of the 1945 bombing. "We urge the nuclear powers to

immediately conclude a comprehensive nuclear weapons test ban treaty to stop the production and deployment of all nuclear arms and to abolish all nuclear arms completely." he said.

Mr. Araki, 67. a survivor of the bombing, reiterated his plea for the United States and the Soviet Union to hold a peace summit. Speaking at the annual ceremony in a city park, Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone said his

government would adhere to its

three non-nuclear principles -- a

ban on the production, possession

and introduction of nuclear wea-

"Japan is qualified and is responsible for taking the initiative in the realisation of eternal peace."

Capt. Sankara told reporters overed 192,000 cases of economic Friday the ousted chief of state crimes since launching a crawas under house arrest "for his ckdown on corruption 16 months In a broadcast on Ouagadougou Radio shortly after the coup.

ago, a leading party official said in a recent report in People's Daily. Han Guang, secretary of the Communist Party central disciplinary commission, said a rotten core of party members was responsible. About 30,000 off-

enders had been sentenced and 8.500 people were thrown out of the party, he said. Less than 200 of the crimes involved sums of more than 100,000 yuan (\$50,000), but Mr. Guang said so many party officials were involved in graft and corruption that the fight against it was tan-

tamount to a campaign to rectify the party itself. A front page editorial in the economic daily said some dep-

cases in the province in the 1970s because it could not get con-

victions from hostile or int-

13 suspended sentences

Jailing her for three years.'
Judge Kelly said she had com-

mitted "the lowest from of inf-

Black, described by the judge as

one of the best witnesses he had

ever heard, now faces a lifetime in

hiding with his wife Kathleen and

four children. The IRA has put

him at the top of its death llist.

according to Republican sources.

"The Provos (IRA) will be going

flat out now to find Black and

there is no doubt in anybody's

mind what they'll do if they ever

catch up with him."

A senior police officier said:

five women defendants.

artments had become nothing more than a haven for criminals.

They anticipated a Ghana-style. populist regime based on local "people's defence committees." Informer deals heavy

imidated juries.

she worked.

orming".

blow to IRA capabilities

BELFAST (R) - Northern Ireland's biggest and longest guerrilla trial ended with the sentencing of 35 people put in the dock on the evidence of a single informer.

Judge Basil Kelly, who wore a bullet-proof vest and was flanked by police marksmen throughout the 121-day trial, took 75 minutes to sentence the 35, all convicted after testimony by former Irish Republican Army (IRA) gunman Christopher Black.

Black's willingness to testify against his one-time friends in return for immunity from prosecution is believed to have dealt a heavy blow to the IRA's operational capabilities.

Among those sentenced was Kevin Mulgrew, 27, leader of one of the IRA's main Belfast cells and known to his subordinates as "litde Napoleon". Mulgrew, sentenced Thursday

to life imprisonment for murder. received a further 62 concurrent sentences totalling 963 years Friday for lesser crimes in the IRA's war to end British rule in Northern Ireland. "You are a ruthless terrorist."

the judge told him. "I don't expect

any words I can say will raise a

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